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STATE OF ISRAEL BONDS
NATIONAL LEADERS CONFERENCE
JULY 25—AUG. 3 1961

THE JERUSALEM POST

TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1961 • 27 Tamuz, 5721 • 20 Muharam, 1381

DUBEK FILTER
WITH THE BICO FILTER

LAST week's four-day strike of railwaymen cost the country about IL-150,000, and it is impossible to tell what the total cost of the eventual settlement will amount to. The claims of the workers it must be said in all fairness, were put forward long before the election season began, but they got bogged down in slow-motion talk until at long last the men lost patience with their own works committees. Following the example of the Electric Corporation employees in the southern district, they formed an action committee to put some bite into their demands. The strike of the railwaymen was thus directed against the Histadrut itself more than against their employer, in this case the Government.

RAILWAYS DISPUTE

It should not be thought, however, that the background of the dispute is political, as last week's strike was supported by followers of all parties and even in the hottest arguments the claims of the action committee had the full, and in the end even the outspoken, support of the regular works committees.

The railwaymen claim to be underpaid by comparison with men in similar occupations in private or public employment. Although it is difficult to compare specific railway jobs like line-superintendent or station-master with those in the Port (another responsibility of the Transport Ministry), the men themselves do compare degrees of responsibility, length of service, shift work, and similar elements of job evaluation, and they find they are worse off.

The job of traffic inspector, for example, entails responsibility for all train movements, passenger or cargo, and a man in that job, after ten years of service, takes home less than IL.300, while a station-master earns less than that, even if he reaches the top of his column." The wages of train despatchers and linesmen are no better. The position of the men in the offices, such as qualified bookkeepers and accountants, is also unsatisfactory. Now, too, the eight department chiefs have expressed their dissatisfaction with their position by handing in their resignations.

After four days of stoppage the men were finally persuaded into going back to work, relying on the assurances that their pay would be based on that of the metalworkers employed by the Army. The administrative employees were promised only "that their demands would be considered by the Histadrut," and so they continued to strike — now for the ninth day. But when the details of the new pay scale became known in Haifa and turned out to be rather less than what was expected, the men renewed their strike threat. It now appears likely that a fresh strike will still be avoided by a few more concessions, but it is obvious that a reform of some of the basic shortcomings in the Railways labour relations is overdue.

The Railways are a "department" of the Transport Ministry and must therefore conform to the wage structure of other parts of the Government administration despite the difference in their functions and structure. It would perhaps be more logical and even simpler to treat the Railways as a special service, giving the General Manager the freedom to run his business according to its specific needs without the letters of civil service regulations that were devised for an administration of a different type. The new Histadrut proposal to study the possibility of setting up a Government Company is a step in this direction.

One of the problems that adversely affects the running of the railway system and its budget is that of the redundant manpower which all railways appear to be burdened with. The public may suspect the railwaymen of exploiting the election season to obtain better working conditions. But in this case an objective examination would show that they merited improvement long ago.

IN WAKE OF SOVIET ARMS BOOST

US Orders Review Of Its Military Power

WASHINGTON (UPI).—President Kennedy has ordered the Defence Department to reappraise U.S. military power in the light of increased Soviet arms spending and new threats to Berlin, it was revealed yesterday.

The review — which could lead to a stepped-up defence effort — was first disclosed in Senate testimony by Deputy Defence Secretary Roswell Gilpatric. It was later confirmed in a formal statement by Defence Secretary Robert McNamara.

Gilpatric said the President ordered the review Saturday after Premier Khrushchev announced that Russia was calling off its planned reductions in military manpower. Mr. Khrushchev said this was being done because of the current world situation, obviously meaning mounting tensions over Berlin.

Mr. Gilpatric said Sunday's display in Moscow confirmed that the Soviet Union viewed the manned bombers as an essential part of its strength.

The U.S. programme calls for a force of 700 B52 jet bombers with "Hound Dog" and "Skybolt" missiles "sufficient to give us adequate bomber strength in the 1960's," he said.

Mr. McNamara said the U.S. had no choice, in view of Premier Khrushchev's latest threats, but to "re-examine our needs."

At the same time, the Defence Chief gave the nation assurance that "we are strong — if not stronger than any potential aggressor."

Mr. McNamara said "nothing that has developed in the U.S. or the free world calls for increased militarism." He said America had demonstrated at Geneva its desire to lighten rather than add to arms burdens and world tension.

"However, the fact that the Soviet Union proposed to increase its military spending cannot be overlooked," he said. "The simplest precaution calls for still another examination of our defence posture."

The nation could do no less in the face of such "inescapable realities" as the Russian threat to "dispossess us of our rightful presence in Berlin," he said.

Mr. McNamara recalled that actions were taken early in the Kennedy Administration to increase America's nuclear and non-nuclear strength in the face of the "aggressive atmosphere" in the Far East and elsewhere, though the U.S. did not accompany its military strengthening programme with comments such as Mr. Khrushchev made on Saturday.

Arms Cut No Threat To US Prosperity

GENEVA, (Reuter). — Mr. Adlai Stevenson, U.S. Ambassador to the U.N., said here yesterday that America would not regard an international armaments agreement as a threat to its economic prosperity, but an opportunity for a better life for peoples of all countries.

He was addressing the 32nd session of the U.N. Economic and Social Council attended by Mr. Hammarskjold, U.N. Secretary-General.

Mr. Stevenson said the U.S. Government was studying the economic impact of disarmament and arms control and was designing measures to ease the transition.

He said: "The U.S. Government has no higher priority than genuine disarmament and the building of greater confidence and trust among the great powers who have life and death for the human race in their hands."

Mr. Stevenson added that the U.S. had sought to refashion its aid programme to meet current needs.

"No one any longer will passively accept the idea that hunger, misery and disease are the immutable destiny of man," he said.

Mr. Stevenson called for cooperation between producing and consuming countries to overcome difficulties in the commodity situation. The U.S. was prepared to give its whole-hearted cooperation in such endeavours," he declared.

Earlier, Mr. Hammarskjold said nothing short of a concerted world-wide effort between advanced and underdeveloped countries could mount a real attack on world poverty.

US Reply on Berlin Late This Week

WASHINGTON (UPI). — The White House Press Secretary, Mr. Pierre Salinger, said yesterday that the U.S. reply to the early June Soviet memorandum on Germany and Berlin would not be sent until late this week.

Berlin Issue May Come to U.N.

WASHINGTON (AP). — Secretary of State Rusk said yesterday that "at some stage" the Berlin crisis might very well "come to the attention of the United Nations."

In a question and answer session with newsmen at a National Press Club luncheon, Mr. Rusk declined to estimate the dangers of war arising out of the dispute between the Western powers and the Soviet Union over the future of Berlin.

But the Berlin issue "will be with us for quite a few months," he declared, and it "must be dealt with soberly."

In a speech preceding the question period, Mr. Rusk said that President Kennedy "is moving, in consultation with other governments," to bring the strategic capabilities of the non-Communist world up the level required by "the variety of dangers which have to be confronted."

'World of Coercion'

He declared that in the great continuing crisis between Communism and the rest of the world the central issue is the declared determination of the Communists to impose what Mr. Rusk called "a world of coercion" upon all nations which are still free of Communist domination.

Under questioning, the Secretary of State said he thinks there is "solid evidence of tensions" between the Soviet Union and Communist China but that these tensions and the difficulties they may produce within the Communist camp do not provide "a sound basis" for policy-making by the Western powers.

The long-range talks of the U.S. and other nations, he said, are to develop the solidarity of the free world by building up the strength and effectiveness of the U.N. and by strengthening alliances such as Nato.

Mr. Rusk said the Communist bloc "has learned that economic aid does not buy puppets, that intimidation awakens its own resistance, that the U.N. is tougher than they thought, and that those who set out to 'possess the minds' of man have set themselves against the course of history."

He said the U.N. Charter envisaged the growth of a community of independent nations with people playing a decisive role through self-determination. The U.S., he declared, has lived up to this goal and has "turned aside from the ambitions and appetites which have historically been associated with great power."

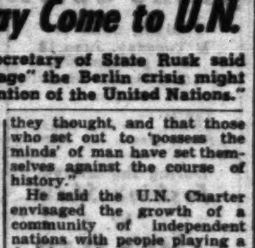
But the Soviet Union, Mr. Rusk declared in broad terms, has twisted the language of peace for aggressive aims. "At stake is the survival and growth of the world of free choice and the free cooperation pledged in the Charter."

Mr. Rusk said the Communists back self-determination only for areas not under Communist control, call for "negotiation" only to gain further concessions, and treat agreements only as a "rest camp where one pauses and refits for a further advance."

He said, however, that despite rebuffs, in past attempts to reach disarmament accord, the subject should be pursued. "An imaginative effort must be made to relieve the tensions arising from the arms race itself," he said.

He noted also that "the world of coercion has its problems too."

"Dissension within its ranks, national resistance to this national imperialism, and a growing demand for freedom," were among the difficulties Mr. Rusk listed as facing the Communist leaders.



Now Available
Kellogg's Cornflakes
at groceries and at
SUPER-SOL

Congo May Form National Unity Cabinet Today

BRUSSELS (Reuter).—The Leopoldville and Stanleyville Governments have reached agreement with a view to forming a government of national unity, Brussels Radio reported yesterday.

The report was from the radio's Leopoldville correspondent. It said the new government, expected to be announced today or tomorrow, will consist of 32 to 35 ministers, with two or three portfolios reserved for Katanga.

According to the correspondent, no decision has as yet been reached on a Prime Minister for the new government, but Mr. Cyrille Adoula, Interior Minister in the Leopoldville Government and on the Congolese anti-Lumumbist wing, is tipped as likely choice.

Mr. Antoine Gizenga, head of the pro-Lumumbist Stanleyville Government, is not claiming the Premiership, the correspondent added.

In Leopoldville, meanwhile, a U.N. official said Mr. Moise Tshombe, the Katanga leader, was convinced "in principle" of the need to reconvene the Congolese Parliament.

Mr. Mahmoud Khatri, a Tunisian special representative of the U.N. Secretary-General, was reporting at a press conference on talks with President Tshombe in Elisabethville over the week-end.

He said that the talks had not been completely successful. President Tshombe insisted that a top-level meeting of Congolese leaders should take place somewhere outside the Congo before the Parliament reopened.

In this, he differed from all the other Congo leaders, who agreed there should be preliminary talks but thought there was no time to arrange them anywhere but Leopoldville.

UK SELLS UAR SHIPS, PLANES FOR COTTON

LONDON (Reuter). — Britain will sell ships, planes, a fertilizer plant and heavy textile machinery to the United Arab Republic in a £7.5m. trade deal signed in Cairo on Sunday.

The deal was announced in London yesterday by Mr. Henry Kissaridies, Managing Director of Emerson Associated, Limited.

He said Britain would receive £2.5m. worth of Egyptian cotton from the 1961-62 crop. This was equivalent to around 25,000 bales and was the biggest single cotton deal since World War II.

In return Britain would receive orders for £5m. worth of capital goods.

The agreement is for one year with payments over a period of five years financed by Close Brothers, London merchant bankers.

Ratification by the U.A.R. authorities is expected within 20 days.

Mr. Klonarides said he gained the impression that the UAR was trying to regain some of its former traditional markets owing to a shortage of convertible currency. In recent years some 60 per cent of the Egyptian crop has been sold to the Soviet Union which does not provide them with such currency.

Mr. Klonarides said he hoped this would be the first of a series of such moves.

Asked whether the deal would involve arms, Mr. Klonarides said that would depend on the British Board of Trade. He did not think the agreement would have any effect on Israel, and the Sudan need not be alarmed. It would not set off a price war, he said.

WHY DIDN'T HE COME AGAIN?

Why didn't any of the boys appear for a second rendezvous with Shoshannah, a pretty, charming girl? The poor thing was getting quite depressed about it, until one day her friend Alisah gave her a good tip: — Since then she uses "Assuta" Shemen's wonderful toilet soap. Assuta contains G-11 which prevents B.O. (*) and leaves a feeling of freshness and cleanliness the whole day long. We hear that Shoshannah is now engaged to a nice young man and will be married soon.

(*) B.O. = Body Odour
(Advt.)

S. Africa Warns Dag Against 'Aggression' by UN Group

UNITED NATIONS (AP). — South Africa has warned U.N. Secretary-General Hammarskjold that if a U.N. investigating committee tries to enter the territory of South-West Africa "such action would involve the U.N. in an act of aggression."

This was disclosed by U.N. officials in the release of a message from Mr. Eric Louw, South African Foreign Minister, to Mr. Hammarskjold.

The letter was dated July 7 and presented to Mr. Hammarskjold by K. E. Pakendorf, South Africa's acting permanent representative here.

There was no immediate indication whether Mr. Hammarskjold made any reply.

However, in releasing the letter, U.N. officials noted that the text had been called to the attention of Ambassador Enrique Rodriguez Fabregat of Uruguay, Chairman of the eight-man investigating committee, which is now in Salisbury, Southern Rhodesia.

The committee is now considering which course of action to take after withdrawal by the British of permission to visit Bechuanaland. The British said they took the action after the committee refused to give assurances that it would not try to cross the border from Bechuanaland, a British protectorate, into South-West Africa.

South Africa rules the territory of South-West Africa under a League of Nations mandate. South Africa's refusal to admit the committee caused Mr. Fabregat to request the Secretary-General last week to consider putting the matter before the U.N. Security Council. Mr. Fabregat said that information collected by the committee, whose mission was authorized by the last General Assembly, indicated that conditions in the territory constituted a threat to peace in that area of the world.

Mr. Louw's letter contended that whatever differences may exist in the present situation, "it is perfectly clear that South Africa was, in terms of the original mandate, given the right to administer the territory as an integral part of South Africa. This existing right has always included the right to control admission to the territory."

He denied that the situation in South-West Africa has become a threat to international peace as charged by Mr. Fabregat.

Mr. Louw also declared that action proposed to be taken by the committee would gravely prejudice proceedings now pending in the International Court of Justice on the South-West African issue.

Yameogo Confers With Ben-Gurion

Prime Minister Ben-Gurion yesterday received the President of Upper Volta, M. Maurice Yameogo in Jerusalem at a meeting which lasted for 40 minutes. Details of their discussion were not disclosed.

Present at the meeting were Foreign Minister Golda Meir, and Upper Volta's Foreign Minister Lompole Kone, Ambassador to the U.N. Frederic Guirma, and Ambassador in Israel, M. Jean Baptiste Mockey.

In the afternoon President Yameogo and his party made a pilgrimage to Mount Zion, where they were received by the Director-General of the Ministry for Religious Affairs, Dr. S.Z. Cahana, and the Ministry's Director of Christian Affairs, Dr. Shaul Colbi.

President Yameogo was greeted by several *shofar* blasts, and while visiting David's Tomb participated in three prayers — for the peace of the world, for the peace of Upper Volta, and for the peace of Israel.

Dr. Cahana presented the President with a golden emblem of pilgrimage, a pilgrimage certificate, and a silver *kiddush* cup.

The party also visited the Dormition Church, where they were received by Prior Stols and Archbishop Capozzi, of the Franciscan Monastery at the Cenacle on Mount Zion. They visited the room of the Last Supper, and went up to the observation tower overlooking the Old City.

At a late hour last night he was relaxing at "My Bar" in Jerusalem with his entourage and Israeli friends.

Today President Yameogo will sign a Treaty of Friendship with Israel at Beit Hanassi in the presence of President Ben-Zvi.

(Tel Aviv Turns Out, P. 2, Col. 5)

U.S. to Subsidize Nebi Rubin Monitors

WASHINGTON, (Reuter). — The U.S. is making available to the International Atomic Energy Agency approximately $80,000 worth of nuclear equipment to aid in developing the peaceful uses of atomic energy in Israel, Argentina and Brazil.

Israel will receive equipment for one mobile and two stationary monitoring stations as part of its radiological protection programme to provide routine monitoring of the area surrounding the research reactor at Nebi Rubin.

250 Said Dead As Portuguese Liner Explodes

BEIRA, Mozambique (UPI). — Rescue planes yesterday shuttled to a remote beach ferrying survivors of a munitions-and passenger-carrying Portuguese ship that exploded and burned with 550 persons aboard.

Semi-official but unconfirmed reports reaching here said about 250 persons, mostly Africans, died when the 2,000-ton Save was raked by explosion and fire and foundered 200 miles north of here, off East Africa. Thirty Europeans, including four crew members, were among the dead.

Passengers included African mineworkers returning from South Africa and White-officered African troops.

The reports said the bodies of some victims were washed ashore in shark-infested waters. They apparently drowned while trying to swim ashore against an ebbing tide.

Survivors reached a remote, inaccessible beach cut off by swamps. Planes from the nearest big town of Quelimane were flying in medical help and ferrying some of the more badly injured survivors out to here.

Disaster struck the ship Friday or Saturday. Its cargo included petrol, diesel oil and ammunition. Reports said the ship went aground on a sandbank and the petrol and ammuntion in the forward hold exploded.

UK Is Anxious to See Arab States Settle Kuwait Issue

LONDON (Reuter).—Britain is consulting the ruler of Kuwait on the next step towards settling the crisis aroused by Iraq's claim to the oil-rich Persian Gulf Sheikhdom, an authoritative source said here yesterday.

The general feeling here is that Britain would be willing to see its troops in Kuwait replaced by a U.N. force, provided this has the agreement of the Arab countries.

Diplomatic observers believed the Government wishes to see what results come out of the talks which the Kuwaiti mission under Sheikh Jaber Ahmed Sabbah, Director of the Finance Department, will have in the UAR and other Arab countries. Tomorrow's meeting of the Arab League Council will also be closely followed here.

The Council is due to take up Kuwait's application for membership. Iraq has expressed its opposition.

Lebanese Foreign Minister Philip Tecla said yesterday that he was devoting Kuwait's membership of the Arab League "until the Arab atmosphere regarding the matter is cleared."

Sheikh Jaber is regarded here as one of the most influential personalities in Kuwait after the ruler, and his talks were seen as particularly important. He was due in Cairo last night.

Some press reports from the Middle East have suggested the UAR may bring up in talks with the Kuwaitis the question of sharing some of Kuwait's oil revenues for economic development of the Arab world.

The British Government is regarded as anxious to withdraw its forces from Kuwait before long. At present a useful part of its most mobile units are immobilized in the [illegible] Gulf.

(Abram' Tells All, P. 2, Col. 1)

Kuwait Loan for Beirut

BEIRUT (AP). — A $15m. loan from Kuwait will be used to finance major changes in Beirut, Prime Minister Sa'eb Salam said yesterday.

US Congressmen Hit Cairo Rocket Deal

WASHINGTON (INA). — Members of the Senate and of the House of Representatives yesterday protested in their respective Houses against the Administration's decision to furnish rockets to the UAR.

Sen. Kenneth Keating, New York, Republican, said, on the Senate floor, that what the Near East needs is not rockets from the U.S. but moves to develop resources. He said that if Nasser found the weather a problem, cooperation to develop regional irrigation would bear more immediate fruit and show a more genuine desire for progress than the purchase of rockets.

Rep. Lester Holtzman, New York, Democrat, told the House of Representatives that there was "not the slightest indication that the UAR is ready to negotiate a possible settlement with Israel." He asked, "Do we now intend to join with the Soviet bloc in attempt to buy his favour as a cooperative effort to arm a regime which has been at war with the purposes and objectives of the U.S.?

Rep. Seymour Halperin, New York, Republican, said, "The State Department is apparently attempting to woo Nasser, the Castro of the Nile, in an attempt to buy his favour as he craftily plays off East against West."

Eichmann Admits He Came to See Mufti

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Hesitantly, and after some prompting, Adolf Eichmann told the Jerusalem District Court yesterday that he came to Palestine in 1937 to meet the Mufti. At another point of his cross-examination, he said that the word "extermination" when applied to the Jews did not at first mean "physical extermination," but a political solution.

Eichmann made these statements in the afternoon session — in which the Attorney-General, Mr. Gideon Hausner, also accused him of being the sole arbiter of Jewish affairs in the Reich — after the morning session was cancelled.

Justice Landau, in calling off the session, said he did so at the request of Dr. Robert Servatius, Eichmann's defence counsel, because of the accused's "physical condition." The reason for the request was that Eichmann had not slept Sunday night.

Eichmann was brought to his bullet-proof dock a few minutes before 8.30 a.m. He looked his usual self, even to the nervous twisting of his lips. His appearance caused no comment whatsoever in the court until Justice Landau made his announcement at 9 a.m., half-an-hour after the session was to have begun. During part of this time Mr. Hausner and Dr. Servatius were in the Judges' chambers. After Court was recessed, Eichmann was taken to his cell, where he fell asleep.

His appearance during the afternoon session was normal, and his ability to answer questions unimpaired.

The session closed with Attorney-General Gideon Hausner telling Eichmann — who had meanwhile been questioned on several other main issues — that Eichmann habitually "called black white and white black." Several times during the session Mr. Hausner referred to Eichmann sarcastically as "Herr Obersturmbannfuehrer," and several of Eichmann's denials and explanations brought gasps from the spectators in the courtroom, and the President of the Court warned sharply that he would have to clear the court if silence were not maintained.

The Court is scheduled to meet today, as planned, in two sessions. The first will start at 8.30 a.m. and end at 12.30 p.m. and the afternoon session will start at 2.30 p.m. and end at 6 p.m.

(Fuller Report — Page 2)

Session Off Because Of Sleepless Night

The following statement was issued by the Eichmann Trial Administration at 10.35 yesterday morning:

"After Friday's session, the prisoner rested for the whole weekend. Last night he could not sleep, and this morning he wrote a letter to his attorney saying that, because his physical condition had been reduced by lack of sleep and nervous tension, he would not be able to stand up to cross-examination and he would like the morning session to be cancelled.

"Dr. Servatius submitted this letter to the judges who, after hearing both counsel in chambers, decided to cancel the morning session.

"The prisoner was examined by a doctor this morning, before the session was due to begin, and was found perfectly fit, but tired because of lack of sleep.

"The prisoner is at this moment sleeping soundly."

German Dentist Held As War Criminal

LANDSHUT, Germany (UPI). — West German authorities yesterday announced the arrest of Werner Penchel, a dentist in Moosburg, on suspicion of having taken part in mass executions in the East during the war.

60-40 Vote Seen For Turkish Constitution

ANKARA (Reuter). — A majority of voters in Sunday's referendum approved the new Turkish constitution, according to unofficial reports here yesterday.

There were about 40 per cent negative votes. They were cast mainly in former strongholds of the dissolved Democratic Party, which was led by former Prime Minister Adnan Menderes, whose regime was overthrown in May last year in a military revolt led by General Cemal Gursel.

SOUTH KOREAN MISSION HERE

LYDDA AIRPORT. — The South Korean Government goodwill delegation headed by the Ambassador to Britain, Mr. Yong Shik Kim, arrived last night for a two-day visit.

Mr. Yong reported that the South Korean Ambassador in Washington and the Israeli Ambassador, Mr. Avraham Harman, had held unofficial talks on the possibility of establishing full diplomatic relations between the two countries.

(Fifth)

Nkrumah to Confer With K Today

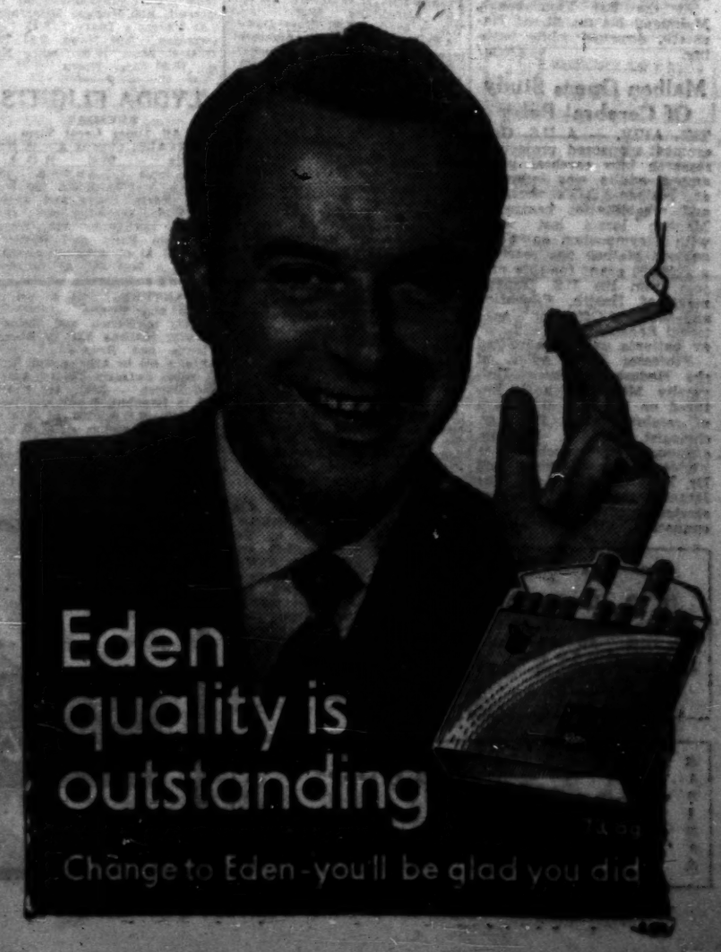
MOSCOW (UPI). — Ghana President Kwame Nkrumah arrived yesterday for his first visit to Moscow full of praise for the "glorious results of the Communist Revolution."

Dr. Nkrumah is due to confer with Premier Khrushchev today. He is expected to spend a fortnight in the Soviet Union.

Nasser Nationalizes 4 Shipping Lines

The UAR Government has nationalised four Egyptian shipping companies, including the 100-year-old Khedive Mail Line, under a decree issued by Abdul Nasser, Cairo Radio announced.

The properties of these companies will be paid for in government bonds redeemable after 12 years.



The unveiling of the tombstone over the grave of the head of our family

Jacob Mouchly ז"ל

will take place at the Benyamina Cemetery, on Thursday, July 13, 1961, at 5 p.m.

Transport will leave the home of the deceased, 15 Dyrech Hayam, Haifa, at 4 p.m.

The Family in Mourning

DOING BUSINESS ABROAD?
GOING ON A TRIP?
Jacobi
JERSEY
Ingrid Fashion shops, Montreux

Social & Personal

President Itzhak Ben-Zvi yesterday received the Ethiopian Deputy-Minister of Agriculture, Mr. Tadesse Ya'akob, and the Consul-General at Addis Ababa, Mr. Hanan Ben-On.

Mr. Ben-Zvi also received Mr. Michael Comay, Ambassador to the U.N.

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Mr. Ya'akob was also received by the Minister of Agriculture, Mr. Moshe Dayan.

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The Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, yesterday gave a luncheon in honour of the following envoys: the Mexican Ambassador and Mrs. Jorge Segura; the Australian Ambassador and Mrs. J.M. McMillan; the U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Walworth Barbour, and his sister, Miss Ellen Barbour; and the Yugoslav Minister and Mrs. Josip Bomjhak. The following Foreign Service and Foreign Ministry staff members were also present: Mr. Michael Comay; Mr. and Mrs. Gershon Avner; Mr. Avraham Darom, and Mr. and Mrs. Dov Sattath.

Mrs. Meir yesterday received the Turkish Chargé d'Affaires, Mr. Rifat Ayanlar.

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Overseas delegates who have arrived to take part in the International Colloquium on Engineering Problems of Swelling Soils being held at the Technion this week include: Professor J.E.B. Jennings, Professor of Civil Engineering at the University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, and Mrs. Jennings; Mr. John Burland, Prof. Jennings' Research Assistant; Ing. R. Knight, Lecturer in Civil Engineering at the University of the Witwatersrand; Senor R.J. Arcenegui, Chief of Reservoirs and Water Supply to the City of Madrid, Spain; Don Manuel Campos Manso, architect and Town planner from Madrid; and Dr. Gordon D. Aitchison, of Australia, Vice-Chairman of the Austra-Asian Region of the International Society of Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering.

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Mr. Hyman Spector, Chairman of the Cricklewood Combined Charities Fund, and Mrs. Spector, of London, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. A. Goldstone, visited the Sha'are Zedek Hospital and were shown round by the Director, Dr. F. Schlesinger. Mr. Spector donated £3000 for the urgently needed new equipment for the hospital's main kitchen. The visitors promised, as additional help, to equip a new laundry.

Bavli Funeral Today

The remains of Hillel Bavli, Professor of Modern Hebrew Literature at the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, who died in New York last week at the age of 69, will be interred this morning in the Har Hamenuhot Cemetery, Jerusalem.

The funeral procession will leave from the Hadassah-Ziv Hospital at 11 a.m.

Tot, Youth Drown

TEL AVIV. — Four-year-old Feine Cornish drowned on Sunday in a pool in the garden of her home in Ramat Gan. The child, the daughter of the Librarian at the British Embassy, was gathering leaves which were floating in the pool, when she slipped and fell in.

At the Bat Yam beach, Muhamad Na'am, 21, of Nazareth, drowned while bathing. *(Itim)*

Malben Opens Study Of Cerebral Palsy

TEL AVIV. — A U.S. Government-sponsored project of research into cerebral palsy among adults was launched at Malben-J.D.C.'s hospital and rehabilitation centre at Mahane Israel last week with a symposium on this subject. Malben has received a IL50,000 grant for this project from the U.S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare Office of Vocational Rehabilitation.

Many patients will be admitted

Professor Emil Adler, of the Hadassah-Hebrew University Medical School, lectured on the clinical aspects of cerebral palsy. The psychologist, Mr. M. Rotman, discussed the psychological problems of the disease, and Dr. M. Vofsi, of the Mahane Israel centre's staff, demonstrated patients and problems connected with their care.

ISRAEL NATIONAL OPERA
1 Allenby Rd. Tel Aviv
Tel. 37700 Air-cooled Hall
Perfs. start 8.30 p.m.
SAMSON & DELILAH: 11/7
AIDA: 12/7
LA TRAVIATA: 13/7

HABIMAH
JULIUS CAESAR
Tonight, Tues., Wed., July 11
Thurs., Fri., July 12
Sat. night, July 13
HABIMAH

'Al Ahram Tells All on Kuwait ...It Started in Galilee

CAIRO (Reuter).—"Al Ahram," whose editor, Mohamed Heykal, is a close friend of Nasser, said in a front-page article yesterday that it was "inconceivable" that the UAR should enter a war with Britain just because of Kassem's moves over Kuwait.

The article said the policy of General Kassem, the Iraqi Premier, in claiming Kuwait as part of Iraq, was "shrouded in mystery from all sides."

Commenting on UAR permission for the passage of British warships through the Suez Canal last week, "Al Ahram" said: "The UAR would prevent military ships of any country from carrying out an invasion against an Arab country regardless of the price, but so far not a single shot had been fired in the Kuwait dispute. How, then, could the UAR allow itself to be pushed into a war for no clear reason."

The paper said the Kuwait crisis was obviously the product of an "imperialist plan" which aimed at "striking at the Arab nation in order to destroy its freedom of movement."

The plan started after the recent formation of an Arab joint command which was "the first practical advancement" achieved by Arab countries since the signing of their mutual security pact in 1950, the newspaper said.

The present crisis has the effect of preventing the implementation of this decision, and the appointment of an Arab commander-general, because the Iraqi Army was at present occupied with the Kuwait dispute.

"Al Ahram" said that if, for instance, Israel were to set about diverting the River Jordan and an armed clash between her and the UAR ensued, Iraq would have sufficient pretext to give her "apology for keeping away from the battle."

The article said Cairo had also noticed that Israel began a series of aggressive moves on the Syrian Region border a week before the Kuwait crisis began, continuing them until British troops occupied Kuwait.

Although Kassem had declared he would not use force over Kuwait, the matter was still not solved because imperialist quarters in the Arab world — "Britain's friends" — supported his claim "in accordance with the imperialist plan to cause dissension among Arab countries."

Alpinist Rescued After Brother Killed

CHAMONIX, France (AP).—French alpinists yesterday rescued a Swiss climber stranded on a 9,500-foot high ledge of Aiguille de Dru peak since a rock slide on Thursday killed his brother.

First spotted on Sunday, Theodore York, 23, of Berne, was lifted to safety by ropes. A cord had linked him to the body of his brother, Marti, 20, which dangled about 30 feet below him. But this had to be cut and the body fell down the mountainside.

Want Kuwait In Arab U.S.

By SPIRO ELENSA, A. P. Correspondent

AMMAN, Monday. — Jordan may shortly step in with a plan to settle the conflict between Iraq and Kuwait by merging Jordan, Iraq, Kuwait and possibly Saudi Arabia, into an Arab union or an Arab United States.

Although official confirmation is lacking, certain political quarters here outline the plan as giving each ruler complete internal sovereignty over his realm with a federal government responsible for foreign and economic policy and the unification of the armed forces.

King Hussein may have been referring to this still unformulated plan when he told the Ruler of Kuwait, Sheik Abdullah: "Jordan believes that the settlement of any Arab problem should be of pure Arab origin."

Hussein was replying to a message he received on Sunday in which Sheik Abdullah Salem Sabbah informed him that the Kuwaiti delegation would soon tour Arab countries to explain the latest developments in the Kuwaiti crisis.

Step to Unity

Political quarters point out that the Jordanian plan constitutes a big step forward toward greater Arab unity and, as such, it should receive the blessing of UAR President Nasser. The plan retains internal authority for the ruling sheiks of the oil rich country, satisfies the claim of Iraq's Premier Kassem for annexation and will make it possible for Jordan to dispense with America's annual $40m. aid and all other foreign financial assistance.

The presence of Jordan and possibly Saudi Arabia as member states of the proposed federal government will be a guarantee for Kuwait against any future Iraqi moves.

Membership of the new federal state would also be open to any other Persian Gulf Sheikdoms.

'AXIS SALLY' OUT OF JAIL

ALDERSON, West Virginia (AP). — Millard Gillars — the "Axis Sally" of World War II — walked out of a Federal Prison yesterday, paroled after serving 12 years of a 30-year term for treason.

"Axis Sally," conducted propaganda broadcasts for the Nazis during the war beamed to American troops overseas and Americans at home.

Mixed 'Wade-In' At Chicago Beach

CHICAGO (Reuter). — Eight White persons and a Negro were arrested on Sunday after a racially mixed group of about 100 bathers held a "wade-in" at a traditionally all-White public beach on Chicago's South Side.

Two White youths who took part were later dragged from their car and beaten up by a gang of Whites, but apart from this incident, no serious disturbances occurred, according to the officer in charge of the 300 police called out to the beach.

Those arrested were charged with disorderly conduct. On Saturday, nine persons, three of them Negroes, were arrested during a similar demonstration. Police said they failed to disperse.

FLOODS SPREAD ACROSS INDIA

NEW DELHI, (AP). — With flood waters still ravaging the southern tip of India for the second week, other parts of the country yesterday were endangered by a runoff of Monsoon rains.

Floods struck first at the three southern states of Kerala, Madras and Mysore as water from the Central Mountains rushed westward towards the Arabian Sea and east to the Bay of Bengal.

In Orissa State of East Central India, the Government issued a warning that floods will reach the Mahanadi River delta area early today. The population was told to flee to high ground.

'All the News That's Fit To . . .'

LONDON (Reuter). — Moscow Radio on Wednesday twice broadcast to North America a news bulletin that was 10 months old.

It referred to the arrival of Mr. Khrushchev in Finland; Russians winning more gold medals in the Rome Olympics; and other items from last September.

Several hours later Moscow Radio apologised for "an unfortunate mistake by the technical staff." The bulletin was on the same tape as a concert recorded last September and re-broadcast Wednesday.

Forty Choirs from 8 Countries To Participate in Zimriya

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Over 2,000 singers organised in 40 choirs will take part in the fourth Zimriya, which opens on July 26 at Mann Auditorium here. Eight hundred singers will come from abroad. This was reported to the press yesterday by Mr. Aharon Propes of the Government Tourist Corporation, and by the Musical Director of the festival, Mr. S. Kaplan.

The 18 choirs from abroad will be accommodated in three school buildings (Balfour, Talpiot and Bar-Kochba) in Tel Aviv. The Army will supply beds and mattresses and four daily meals will be provided by the Soldiers' Welfare Committee, which agreed to do so after being approached by the "Hasamir" society and the Tourist Corporation, organisers of the Zimriya.

Two of Europe's top amateur choral societies—France's La Faluche students' choir and Switzerland's Engadin Choir of St. Moritz—will appear. The other non-Jewish choirs are Switzerland's Sing Kreis choir of Zurich and the Copenhagen Folk Choir. The remainder are Jewish choirs, who will come from Finland (1), the U.S. (4), Britain (3), Italy (1), Denmark (1), and the Netherlands (2).

Mr. Kaplan headed a special committee which selected the 30 Israeli choirs, which will sing Israeli works only. The foreign groups have included 30 Israeli songs in their repertoires. The speakers revealed they had applied to various Eastern European countries but no reply had been received. The Zimriya's budget is IL330,000, of which IL30,000 will be covered by ticket sales and the remainder by donations and grants by the Government and the local authorities. The foreign participants pay their own fares.

Members of the Jewish choir of Milan will remain after the Zimriya for a visit as guests of the Dante Alighieri Society. Members of the Swiss and French choirs will stay on to work in kibbutzim.

Bnei Israel Threaten Satyagraha Campaign

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A rally of the Bnei Israel Community in Lydda on Saturday adopted a resolution calling on its Action Committee to explore all possible means of advancing a solution of the personal status problem of the Community's members, and "even to resort to *satyagraha*".

(*Satyagraha* is the passive resistance policy that was espoused by Gandhi.)

The meeting, attended by 90 persons, including 17 delegates from a number of centres throughout the country, was called to protest against the "discrimination" seen in the refusal of a number of local religious Councils to sanction marriages between members of the Community and other Jews.

CAR OWNERS in Tel Aviv who have put up No Parking signs in front of their houses were warned yesterday by the police to remove them within the next few days or face prosecution.

Progressive Jewry Meet Hits Bnei Israel Ruling

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON. — The 12th international conference of Progressive Judaism meeting here adopted a sharply worded resolution on the ruling of the Acting Chief Rabbi, Y. Nissim, regarding the permissibility of marriage between members of the Bnei Israel Community and other Jews.

The resolution records a strong protest against this ruling and adds that it may also affect Karaites and Italian converts now in Israel. The resolution calls for showing kindliness and friendliness to fellow Jews instead of a narrow interpretation of legal technicalities.

The resolution was framed by Rabbi Solomon Freehof and moved by Rabbi Jacob Shackman, who described the ruling as harmful, confusing and in contradiction to the orthodox authorities of America.

Cables in Brief

MAUROIS. — The condition of Andre Maurois, 78-year-old French novelist, historian and academician, who is ill with double pneumonia, in Perigueux, France, was reported stationary yesterday.

TOUGH. — A 113-year-old patient, Dan Hoskins, was reported recovering nicely from a hernia operation at a hospital in Oakland, California. Asked to name his next-of-kin, he replied: "I outlived them all."

MISSILES. — The Indonesian Navy has announced that it plans to establish a guided missile school shortly. Officers have been sent to West Germany, Japan and Switzerland to study equipment there.

INDECENT. — Police said they handed warnings about "acts bordering on public indecency" to about 1,200 people during a "clean up" drive in the former Imperial Palace gardens in central Tokyo on Friday night.

GOLD. — Steady improvement in U.S. gold holdings since February brought their level to $17,850m. at mid-year, U.S. Treasury figures showed yesterday. This was a gain of $178m. from the low point reached February 24.

COMPLICATED. — Columbia University has removed a course in contemporary civilisation from the compulsory curriculum for first and second year students. Reason: contemporary civilisation has become too complicated.

New Members For Civil Service C'ttee

The Cabinet decided yesterday to appoint two new members to the six-man Service Committee, membership of which is on a two-year rotation basis. The Service Committee is in charge of implementing the Civil Service law.

The Director-General of the Ministry of Social Welfare, Dr. Moshe Kurtz, is to join the committee, replacing his opposite number from the Ministry of Interior. The Government will now be represented on the committee by the Directors-General of the Ministries of Finance, Development and Social Welfare.

The Manager of the Jerusalem branch of Bank Le'umi, Mr. Avraham Shabtai, is to be appointed as third public representative on the committee, instead of Mr. Y. Mitrani, and will serve together with Messrs. Daniel Auster and Aharon Gilat. The appointments will go into effect on July 16.

ENVOY.—The U.S.S.R. Supreme Soviet Presidium yesterday appointed Vasily Kornayev as Ambassador to Lebanon, TASS reported. He will replace Sergei Kiktev, who has been named to another post.

The Little English Theatre
presents
Noel Coward's
comedy
Blithe Spirit
Tonight, June 11
& Tuesday, June 18
(Last performance)
at Z.O.A. House, Tel Aviv,
8.30 p.m.
Tickets:
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Z.O.A. House box office.
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WHAT'S ON

JERUSALEM

Holyland Hotel: Five o'clock Tea, Swimming, Dancing & Orch. every Saturday night. Israeli films every Tuesday night. Wed., July 12, an evening of Yoga at 9 p.m. (Entrance free). Transport: Hotel bus, opp. Taxi Israel, Tel. 24486/89/90.

• Drink & Dance:—
Relax and have a good time at Bacchus. Tourists welcome too.

Pension Geiger Bar - Restaurant, Beit Hakerem, Tel. 22188.

• Tours:—
Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily. Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, University Campus.

Yad Vashem, Martyrs' and Heroes' Remembrance Authority, Har Hazikaron — visits to the Memorial Shrine (Ohel Yizkor) and to the new exhibition entitled "Warning And Witness." Sundays to Thursdays, 8 to 6. Fridays and holiday eves 8 to 1.

Conducted tours at the Hadassah-Hebrew University Medical Centre at 9.30 a.m. (Hebrew), 11 a.m. (English), Lobby of the out-patient clinic. Bus No. 19.

Full Hadassah tour at 9 a.m. daily from the Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre, Tel. 24981.

• New Israeli Films:—
Daily showings, Keren Hayesod Hall, 12 noon till 1 p.m.

• Exhibitions:—
Drawings by Jane Hillman-Schacherl; collages by Judith Yellin-Gaertner, Artists' House, 10-1, 4-6.

Archaeological Museum Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech, New exhibitions, New Excavations at Akhziv. Exhibition of the month: Phoenician figurines from Akhziv. Permanent Exhibition, 9-1, 3-5.

Bezalel National Museum Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. Archaeological objects. Pablo Picasso — exhibition of graphic work on the occasion of the master's 80th birthday, 9-1, 3.30-6.

Bezalel Art Library: The Library celebrates Picasso (ceramics & sculpture). 9-2.30.

"Israel Today", permanent exhibition, Binyanei Ha'ooma, 10-1, 4-6.

Watercolours & Gouaches "Angels & Landscapes" by Yoel Bergner, Rina Gallery, 13 Rehov Shlomzion Hamalka, Tel. 23523. Daily 9-1, 4-7.

• Zoo:—
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo: 8-5.30.

TEL AVIV

• Theatre:—
Habimah: "Julius Caesar," 8.30.
Ohel: Haketuba, 8.30.
• Little English Theatre:—
"Blithe Spirit," Z.O.A. House, 8.30 p.m.

• Dine and Dance:—
Casba Bar-Restaurant, 32 Rehov Yirmiyahu, international Cuisine Lunch IL5. Aperitif. Dinner Dance, Tel. 42617. Open from 12 p.m. to 3 a.m. Fully air-conditioned.

Eldon Restaurant, 12 Rehov Hacarmel, Tel Aviv, fish specialities. Parking space.

Delphin Bar, 16 Shalom Aleichem: exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 28978.

Adria Night Club, 101 Dizengoff Passage, Tel. 81360. New International Show.

"Pagoda" Restaurant, Exclusive 317 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 43816.

• Bavyan:—
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• Tourist Service:—
Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26925, 8 a.m.-2 p.m.
Z.O.A. House, 9 a.m.—7 p.m.

• Tours:—
Mootzot Hapoalot, Pioneer Women. Free tour from Sunday through Wednesday, 9 a.m. from the Va'ad Hapoel Bldg., 93 Rehov Arlosoroff, Tel Aviv, Tel. 21211.

• Zoological Gardens:—
Open 8 a.m.-6 p.m. daily.

• Exhibitions:—
Prints and Drawings, Israel Painters and Sculptors Ass., Art Pavilion, 9 Alharizi, 10-1; closed, Sat., 10-1.

Ancient Glass, Pre-historic finds in coastal region, Museum Haaretz, 10-5.

Tel Aviv Museum:
1) Dizengoff House, Rothschild Blvd. Selection from the Museum's permanent collections. Israeli Artists, 10-1; 4-7.
2) Rubinstein Pavilion, Tarsat Blvd. Openings of two exhibitions at 5.30 p.m. Lotka Pinkoil paintings. Dan Hoffner — oil paintings, watercolours, sketches, daily 10-1, 4-7. Friday 10-1, Saturday 6-10 p.m.
3) Tel Aviv Historical Museum, Beit Shenkar, 26 Rehov Bialik. 9-1 (evenings Mondays, Saturdays and festivals).

HAIFA

• Golden Age Club, Mt. Carmel:—
Dr. G. Salomonsky will read "Jacob's Dream" by Beer Hofmann, Rothschild Community Centre, 4.30 p.m. Guests welcome.

• Exhibitions:—
Museum of Japanese Art, 89 Hahotrot Hanassi, Mt. Carmel. New Exhibition: Nagasaki-e, from the De Roos collection 10-1, 4-7. A lecture by Dr. Batia Bayer on "Introduction to Non-European Music", 3.30 p.m.

A retrospective exhibition of Chana Orloff, Sculptures, Museum of Modern Art, Rehov Bialik, 10-1; 4-7. Saturday included.

Art Gallery: Paintings, Wood-Cuts, Sculptures. Artists' House, 24 U.N.O. Avenue, 10-1, 4-7.

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ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
491, 356.4, 373.5 & 200 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.05, 7.00 and 7.50 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.

English: 2.00 p.m. French: 2.15 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.10 Musical Clock. 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock (R). 6.52 Programme Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Programme Announcements. 11.01 Popular Concert: Auber: Overture "La Muette de Portici" (Conductor: Paul Paray); Saint-Saens: Concerto No. 1 in A minor Op. 33 for Cello and Orchestra (Soloist: Zara Nelsova, Conductor: Sir Adrian Boult); Khachaturian: "Masquerade" Orchestral Suite (conducted by the composer); Enesco: Rumanian Rhapsody No. 2 in D Op. 11 (Conductor: Constantin Silvestri). 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.30 Oriental Songs. 1.00 Lunchtime Music. 1.45 Where to Go? 2.00 Close Down.

4.59 Opening. 5.02 Announcements. 5.15 Children's Corner. 5.30 Musical Miniatures. Mozart: Andante for Flute and Orchestra; Giordani: Song "Caro Mio Ben"; Genailie: Allegro Spirituoso; Mozart: Menuetto; Arr. Malcolm Arnold: "What Shall We Do With the Drunken Sailor"; Jean Francaix: Concertino for Piano. 6.00 Talmud Lesson. 6.30 Jan Peerce (Tenor). 6.50 Youth Corner. 6.57 Daily News Service for the Agriculturalist. 7.15 Eichmann Trial Report. 7.50 Cantoral Request Programme. 8.30 "As to My Request" — Amos Goren, student. 8.50 Bible Reading. Mishlei chaps. 11 & 12. 9.10 Spot Announcement. 9.11 Concert by the Kol Yisrael Orchestra: Conductor: Gary Bertini. Soloists: Rose Kreen (Soprano), Yona Bitinger (Clarinet) with the "Kol Yisrael" Choir. Handel: "Psalm 112", for Soprano, Choir and Orchestra; Pergolesi: Concerto for Clarinet and Strings. — Intermission — Debussy: Rhapsody for Clarinet; Brahms: Love Song Waltzes for Choir and Orchestra. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
468, 368.7 & 422.3 M.

Commercial Programme: 3.30 p.m. News in Easy Hebrew. for Tourists, presented by Yolanda Lev. 5.00 News. 5.05 Announcements. 5.08 Tunes & Melodies. 5.40 Oriental Request Programme. 6.00 "From the Newsroom." "6.05 Requests (cont.). 6.15 Light Music Quiz. 6.40 Sport. 6.55 "From the Newsroom." 6.57 The Stock Market. 6.59 Close Down.

8.30 Opening. 8.31 Story of the Evening. 10.00 "From the Newsroom." 10.05 Jazz. 10.35 Quiet Tunes. 11.00 News. 11.10 Close Down.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 7.00 p.m. News in Easy Hebrew. 7.15 Rumanian. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Hebrew Lesson. 8.10 News in Hungarian. 8.30 News in Polish. 8.50 Ladino. 9.00 News in French. 9.15 News in English.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
Arabic Programme (including News): 6.29-7.15 a.m., 1.30-2.15, 5.29-11.15 p.m.

KOL YISRAEL LAGOLA (32.3 M.): Programme to the U.K.: 10.15 Commentary. 10.30 Report on the Eichmann Trial. 10.45 News Headlines and Close Down.

Programme to South Africa: 6.45 News. 6.55 Commentary. 7.00 Report on the Eichmann Trial. 7.14 News Headlines & Close Down.

ARMY PROGRAMME (216, 225 and 235 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.02 Songs at your Request. 6.55 Tune and Rhythm. 8.55 Readings from The Portion of the Week. 7.00 News. 7.10 Light Music. 7.30 Programme for the Recruit. 8.00 Musical Miniatures. 8.30 "Army's Diary." 8.45 "Intermezzo." 9.00 News. 9.15 The Musical Show. 10.00 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

TUESDAY
All Times Local Time

ARRIVALS: Cyprus Air 86 from Nicosia — 0905. B.O.A.C. 910 from London and Geneva — 1700. TWA 800 from N.Y., Paris, Rome and Athens — 1915. Olympic 602 from Athens — 2010. Air France 194 from Paris and Rome — 2110. El Al 432 from Vienna and Rome — 2205. El Al 424 from Brussels and Zurich — 2345.

DEPARTURES: El Al 421 to Rome and Vienna — 0700. El Al 423 to Zurich and Brussels — 0750. Sabena 572 to Athens, Vienna and Brussels — 0755. Alitalia 455 to Athens and Rome — 0810. Swissair 235 to Athens and Zurich — 0900. Air France 197 to Istanbul, Rome and Paris — 1000. B.E.A. 263 to Athens, Rome and London — 1030. K.L.M. 538 to Munich and Amsterdam — 1035. El Al 208 to Athens, Paris and New York — 1530. B.O.A.C. 910 to Teheran — 1745.

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Armon Theatre at 9 p.m.
JERUSALEM — SUNDAY, July 23
Binyanei Ha'ooma at 8.30 p.m.
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JERUSALEM—at Cahana's Ticket Agency, Zion Square, Daily 9-1, 3.30-7; Friday: 9-1.
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CINEMAS

JERUSALEM

5.30, 7, 9

CHEN: Oceans 11, (5.30, 7, 9.15)
EDEN: The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn.
EDISON: Born Reckless (7, 9)
GARIBAR: Spartacus (4, 8)
JERUSALEM: La Femme et le Pantin
ON OIL: Inherit the Wind (7, 9.30).
ORNA: Dahab
ORION: The Marriage Go Round
RON: Rocco and his Brothers (3.30, 7 & 9.30)
SEMADAR: I Want to Live
STUDIO: Mother, Don't Leave Me.
TEL OR: Dentist in the Chair
ZION HALL: The Bell Boy

TEL AVIV

4, 7.30, 9.30

ALLENBY: The Magnificent Seven (4, 7.30, 9.30)
ARMON DAVID: School for Scoundrels
BEN YEHUDA: The Virgin Spring (10, 12, 2, 4, 7.30, 9.30)
CHEN: Manuela (4, 7.15, 9.30)
EDEN: My Happiness Only With You
ESTHER: Magic Boy
GAT: Wild Strawberries (7.30, 9.30)
HOD: Sleeping Beauty (2.30, 5.30, 7.30)
MAXIM, Ki Va... Ki Cassu...
MIGDALOR: Upstairs and Downstairs
MOGRABI: Les Fausses Ingenues
OPHIR: Spartacus (4, 8)
ORION: Uncertain Mr. Jo
PARIS: The Nun's Story (7, 9.30)
PEER: The Man Who Wouldn't Talk
SHDEROT: Never On Sunday (7.30, 9.30).
TAMAR: The Old Yeller (10, 12, 2, 4, 7, 9)
TCHELET: Eugen Onegin
TEL AVIV: Sanctuary
YARON: The World of Suzie Wong
ZAFON: Can-Can (7, 9.30)
ZAMIR: The Last Attack
RAMAT GAN: The League of Gentlemen

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: Pinky
ARMON: The Two Way Stretch
ATZMON: Pollyanna
CHEN: Lesson in Love (4, 8.45, 9)
EN DOR: Five Fingers (3.45, 9)
GAL, OR: The Line-Up
HAY: J'irai Cracher sur vos Tombes
MIRON: The House in Which We Live
MORIAH: Never on Sunday
ORAN: Elmer Gantry
ORION: The Virgin Spring
ORLY: Please Don't Eat the Daisies (3.45, 9)
PEER: El Pequeno Coronel (4, 8.45, 9)
TAMAR: Jenny

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HAIFA: Balfour, 1 Mazada, 2289.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Ben-Yishai, 65 Shlomo Rassco, 37881. Dr. Berrad, 89 Rehov Yaffo, 22827. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi. Dr. Shakerashi, 9 Beit Hi. Dr. Serodio, 3 Gan Rehavia, 37468.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Bisan, 9 Shimshon, 38748. Dr. Garunau, 38 Frishman corner 99 Syrkin. Dr. Weiss, 73 Dizengoff, 37207. Dr. Mahler, 99 Arlosoroff, 81990. Dr. Simon, 42 Keren Kayemet, 51374.
HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 3 Hanevi'im, 2468.

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The Weather

Weather Synopsis: Seasonal trough extends from Persian Gulf to East Mediterranean causing summer weather.

	A	B	C
Mt. Cana'an	86	18—32	18—27
Tiberias	83	24—34	23—29
Nazareth	83	20—29	20—28
Haifa Port	74	26—30	25—29
Tel Aviv Kirya	86	22—30	21—30
Tel Aviv Port	73	23—28	23—28
Lydda Airport	84	21—31	21—31
Jerusalem	82	17—27	17—27
Beersheba	99	22—42	22—39
Eilat	95	25—40	25—40

A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Yesterday's Temperature range. C) Today's Temperature forecast.

ARRIVALS

Mr. Pinhas Rashish, Mayor of Petah Tikva, from the International Conference of Local Authorities in Washington and a Histadrut campaign mission (by El Al).

Mr. Eliahu Elath, Chairman of the Afro-Asian Institute, from a lecture tour and Histadrut campaign mission in the U.S. (by El Al).

Captain Raphael Spinal, of the s.s. Etrog (by El Al).

Dr. Arye Kubovy, Chairman of Yad Vashem, from the conference of the Underground and Resistance organisations of Western Europe in Turino, Italy.

DEPARTURES

Prof. David Wdowinsky, of the New School for Social Research, N.Y., for the U.S., after testifying at the Eichmann trial (by El Al).

Reuven Rubin, to arrange for exhibitions of his paintings in Italy, Paris and Switzerland (by B.O.A.C.).

Mr. Julius Haber after representing the "American Examiner" at the Eichmann trial (by El Al).

Barbour At Foreign Ministry

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, yesterday received the U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Walworth Barbour, at the Ministry offices in Jerusalem.

The meeting, which the Ambassador had requested over a week ago, was also attended by Mr. Gershon Avner, Director of the U.S. desk at the Ministry.

Details of the interview were not disclosed. The Foreign Ministry spokesman said that the talk was of a general nature, and apparently covered a wide field.

2 JEWS GET SENIOR POSTS IN MOROCCO

CASABLANCA (INA). — Two Moroccan Jewish students who had been awarded diplomas by the National Superior School of Posts, Telegraphs and Telephones, have been nominated for high positions in the Moroccan administration. They are Elie Bellehsen and Josue Benshimon.

Narboni Named To Agency Executive

The Jewish Agency Executive yesterday approved the appointment of Mr. Joseph Narboni, Chairman of the Zionist Federation of Algeria, as Deputy Member of the Jewish Agency Executive. Mr. Narboni will take up his post on his arrival in the country.

Prof. Simon Testifies For Aharon Cohen

HAIFA. — Prof. Ernst Simon testified for the defence as character witness in the Aharon Cohen espionage trial in the District Court yesterday.

His evidence and that of another defence witness, Dr. Israel Ben-Ze'ev, the Inspector of Arab Studies at the Education Ministry, and Bar-Ilan University lecturer, were heard in open court.

Prof. Simon said that in his opinion Cohen had been arrested because the authorities had no other way of putting their hands on his archives on Arab affairs.

These, he said, may have been "dangerous" to the Government's Arab-policy makers, but Cohen himself was in no way dangerous to Israel.

The trial will resume on Sunday.

Railway Strike Put Off 24 hrs. Pending New Talks

By YA'ACOV FRIEDLER, Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The threatened general strike of railway workers was put off at the last minute last night. The railway clerks however have decided to carry on their strike, now nine days old.

The eight department heads of the railways last night handed in their resignations to the General Manager saying that they felt that they would be the losers in the proposed general wage settlement with the railway employees.

The Histadrut Trade Union Department proposed to call on the Government to appoint a state commission which would enquire into the discrepancies created during the past 13 years between the salary scales of all civil servants and those of employees of Governmental public institutions.

The commission, to be appointed after the elections, will also consider the possibility of turning the railways into a government-owned company instead of a Ministry department as at present. Such a change, it is believed, would enable the management to regrade the workers without causing a general reaction among civil servants.

The Railways general manager, Mr. M. Savidor, said that at a meeting on Sunday Finance Minister Levi Eshkol and Transport Minister Yitzhak Ben-Aharon had expressed their approval in principle, of such a step.

Eight Gradings

After an eight-hour meeting, the strike was postponed for 24 hours. The general works' committees agreed to accept the eight gradings for the operational workers, worked out by the Histadrut and the Civil Servants Union on Friday. However, the committee reserved the right to appeal against the salaries offered to the five top grades. They will meet Mr. Y. Meshel (head of the Trade Union Department) in Tel Aviv at noon today, to thrash out this issue. They also reserved the right to call the strike at nine tonight if these demands are not met, but it appears that an agreement will be reached.

It will be recalled that the committee had threatened the strike because it considered that these proposals did not measure up to the grade tables agreed upon on Thursday night, when the traffic department strikers went back to work.

The clerks are still insisting on their original demand for equalization with their opposite numbers in the Histadrut industries. These demands were again rejected yesterday, on the grounds that they would result in a chain-reaction of demands by all the 40,000 clerks in Government employ. On the other hand, the striking clerks refused a renewed offer to "consider their case sympathetically" if they returned to work.

(Leader — Page One)

F & C Strike Averted

HAIFA. — The threatened strike of the 600 salaried employees of the Fertilisers and Chemicals Company was averted yesterday when a new wage agreement was signed.

The employees were granted a six per cent wage increase.

Government Hospital Telephonists Strike

A three-hour warning strike of telephonists in Government hospitals was held yesterday between 8 to 11 p.m. The telephonists are demanding equalisation of their wage scale with those of Kupat Holim hospitals.

During the strike telephones were answered but only emergency calls were connected.

Police Maintain Order In Kiryat Shmonah Dispute

TIBERIAS.—Police reinforcements were sent to Kiryat Shmonah yesterday to forestall any outbreaks of trouble. Tension in the Upper Galilee town had mounted over a dispute between the Chairman of the Local Council, Mr. Asher Nisri, and the Secretary of the Labour Council, Mr. Yitzhak Shalev, both of Mapai.

A large number of residents gathered in the streets, but police patrols averted any violence.

Swiss Draft Law On Unclaimed Assets

A law releasing heirless assets in Switzerland unclaimed since 1945 is expected to be passed by the Swiss Parliament by the end of this year, or no later than March, 1962.

The Federal Government is to present the draft law through the Cantonal Governments, which, together with all other interested parties, will have until August 31 to present their views. The bill will then go to the Lower Chamber and then to the Higher Chamber of Parliament for passage.

The bill would require all banks, organisations and private citizens holding heirless assets to register them with the Government within six months of passage. Such assets will be put at the disposal of a fund that will help religious and racial victims of Nasism.

Dr. Nahum Goldmann, President of the World Jewish Congress and Chairman of the Conference of Jewish Material Claims, last week met with the Federal President of Switzerland, Mr. Friedrich Wahlen, and the head of the Federal Department of Justice and Police, Mr. Ludwig von Moos, and expressed satisfaction with the Swiss Government's decision to submit the draft law.

S.S. MAN TRIED FOR BERDITCHEV MASSACRE

VIENNA. — The trial of the former S.S. Sturmbannführer Franz Ratzenberger, who is accused of ordering the shooting of 800 Jews in Berditchev, in the Ukraine, opens in Vienna on July 18.

The accusations against Ratzenberger, at present a deputy police commander in Upper Austria, came to light in a trial of S.D. officers in Berlin who claimed that Ratzenberger, their superior officer, ordered them to shoot the Jews. Ratzenberger was subsequently removed from his post and legal proceedings started against him.

The coming trial is of particular interest because Prof. Sharpis, of Göttingen, at the trial of Dr. Schönpflug, described Ratzenberger as one of the officers who refused to take part in the murder of Jews. *(Ilim)*

Ministry of Labour — Public Works Dept.

TENDER No. 1/61/1

The Public Works Department hereby offers for sale used heavy equipment as follows:

1. Tractors
2. Mechanical Earth-Leveller
3. Pneumatic Press on Wheels
4. Tar Tank

- Forms for participation in the tender, particulars of the terms and all necessary explanations may be obtained at the office of the Chief Stores Administrator, Public Works Dept., Room 21, 3 Rehov Lincoln, Tel Aviv, from 8 a.m. till 1 p.m., on ordinary working days during the five days following publication of this notice.
- The equipment may be viewed in the courtyard of the Central Stores of the Public Works Department, in Bat Yam (behind the Artic Factory) from Sunday through Thursday, 9 a.m.-1 p.m.
- The Director of the Public Works Dept. is not bound to accept the highest or any other tender for all of the items or any part of them.

A. LESHEM
CHIEF STORES ADMINISTRATOR

B-G Calls For Arab-Israel Peace

Jerusalem Post Reporter

KIRYAT HAIM. — Prime Minister Ben-Gurion last night issued a dramatic call for peace in the Middle East by declaring at a Mapai election rally here:

"Fate has commanded us to live together in the Semitic area of the Middle East, and the people of Israel are striving for a peace covenant between Israel and her Arab neighbours on the basis of equality, independence and liberty for each and every nation in this area."

Speaking in the Kiryat Haim stadium, which was packed by 20,000 persons including about 2,000 representatives of the Arab and Druse communities from all over the country, Mr. Ben-Gurion said that the Arabs of Israel have a most important role to play in the establishment of peace between Israel and the Arab states.

He declared that this was the policy of the Government of Israel, and expressed his belief that "the day will come when the hand that has been stretched out for peace for such a long time will be accepted in friendship by the Arab people, and thus open a new era in this part of the world."

Mr. Ben-Gurion expressed his confidence that Israel's neighbours in Egypt, Lebanon, Syria and Iraq, "who declared war on us 13 years ago, will understand that the good will that has been developed between the Jews and the Arabs in Israel can also be for their benefit."

Tel Aviv Turns Out For Yameogo Visit

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV.—Thousands of cheering youngsters waving black white and red flags of Upper Volta and blue and white flags of Israel greeted the President of Upper Volta, M. Maurice Yameogo, and his party during their official visit to Tel Aviv yesterday.

The presidential party was received by Mayor Mordecai Namir, at the Yarkon River Bridge, which was covered with flags of the two nations. The legends on the banners — "Vive le Président Yameogo" and "Vive la Haute-Volta" — were echoed in Hebrew and French by the youngsters who had taken off the morning from the city's day camps to greet the guests. Youngsters in row boats on the river below cheered as Mr. Namir greeted President Yemeogo, who then joined Mr. Namir in his open Cadillac limousine which threaded its way through the throng, preceded by police motorcyclists and followed by the black limousines bearing the rest of the presidential party.

As the procession wended its way through the city's streets, even Dizengoff Street morning café habitues rose from their espressos for a moment to welcome the guests.

A throng gathered in the square outside the beflagged Town Hall in Rehov Bialik, where the procession was joined by four mounted policemen and the Defence Forces Band played marches. Among the crowd was a large delegation of pupils from the Municipal Alliance Secondary School, two of whom presented M. Yameogo with a bouquet and received kisses from him.

Mr. Namir led the President and his party into the Mayoral Chambers and presented the city elders to the distinguished guests. Mr. Namir presented M. Yameogo with an olive wood key to the city — the first of its kind — and presented the rest of the party with city emblems. All the guests received albums depicting the city's progress.

After drinking an orange juice toast, President Yameogo and Mayor Namir went out on the balcony to receive the cheers of the crowd.

After the ceremony, the party toured the city and left for Jerusalem.

Volta Police Chief Guest of Local Force

The Upper Volta Minister of Defence and the Interior, M. Dennis Yameogo, who is also Commander of his country's Police Force, was yesterday the guest of Central Police Headquarters in Tel Aviv, where he was received by the Inspector-General, Mr. Yosef Nahmias.

After lunch with the Commander of the Tel Aviv District, Nitzav Amos Ben-Gurion, M. Yameogo made a brief tour of the city in a patrol car, and left to visit a Border Police base.

Didn't Really Mean to Exterminate Jews—Eichmann

By MACABEE DEAN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

The phrase "the extermination of the Jews" did not mean their "physical extermination" but finding a political solution for the Jewish problem, Adolf Eichmann told the Jerusalem District Court early in its afternoon session yesterday.

Mr. Hausner opened by asking Eichmann whether, when he joined the Nazi party, he knew that its slogans included "Awake Germany," "Death to the Jewish Dogs," and the lines of the Horst Wessel Hymn, "When Jewish blood spurts from the knife, things will be twice as good."

Eichmann replied: "In Austria, where I had my first contacts with the party, we never heard such slogans and songs except in the hills. I've already said that I joined the party not because of its attitude to the Jews, but to fight the Versailles Treaty."

Q. But you will agree that, in 1937 and afterwards, the "Jewish Front," the only front on which you were active, was the main battleground and not Versailles?

A. This is correct. When I came to the Reich Security Head Office — when I joined the S.D. — the main fight was directed against the Jews, and the objective was to find a solution through various methods. I've already spoken about the method I sought. (Eichmann evidently meant the "Madagascar plan.")

Q. But you knew that your Feuhrer had declared war (on the Jews) a long time before the (World) War broke out, and that he said that if war should break out — no matter which side won the Jews would be exterminated.

A. I recognize this statement. The Fuehrer said this in the Reichstag. But the word "extermination" — they did not seriously mean then physical extermination, but some political solution. I and many others thought so.

Weizmann Declaration

Q. You told the Court here some story about the Jews becoming the enemies of the Reich after Dr. Weizmann declared war on Germany. When was this declaration and what do you know about it?

A. Correct. From this very moment I also recognised the Jews as the force which might become a danger to the Fatherland. This declaration was made in 1939, several days after the War broke out. This was an understandable reaction of a man who loved his Fatherland.

At this point Justice Landau interrupted, asking Eichmann to answer the questions briefly and to the point. If an explanation was required, he could make it afterwards.

Q. Who told you of (Weizmann's) declaration?

A. It was common knowledge in the service. And if I'm not mistaken, it was even published.

Q. And thereafter you considered the Jews an enemy which had to be exterminated like any other enemy?

A. The word "extermination" is not the proper one, for not always is the enemy exterminated, only a fighting enemy.

Q. In the Sassen document, you wrote: "Our motto was: The enemy must be exterminated."

A. Yes, I wrote this, and this was under the influence of the maxim, "Woe to the vanquished." Both sides said: "The enemy must be exterminated."

Q. You wrote: "The Jews throughout the world, through their leader, Dr. Chaim Weizmann, openly declared war on Germany." Did this mean that the Jews had to be exterminated?

A. But not physical extermination which Hitler then ordered.

Q. Aha, not physical extermination!!! Are you familiar with any extermination which is not physical extermination?

A. Yes, like the battle waged against France or against England, in which the objective was to render them harmless until the end of the War, and then, after the War, every feeling of enmity would disappear.

Q. And you call this extermination?

A. That is the way we spoke during the War. We spoke of the extermination of England as an enemy, but we never meant the physical extermination of England.

Q. Was the war which Weizmann declared forced on Germany?

A. Dr. Weizmann's declaration was the root of mutual misunderstanding, and I believe that both sides are to blame.

Q. You didn't answer the question. Was the war which Weizmann declared forced on Germany?

A. If it is viewed from a global viewpoint — yes.

Q. And if I tell you that this story is a lie and a forgery; that Dr. Weizmann never declared war on Germany; that you never heard of such a declaration, and that this declaration was never used as a reason to wage war against the Jews — what will you say?

A. Then I can say that it is the truth, for we dealt with this declaration officially.

Q. Can you show me one document in which this alleged declaration is mentioned?

A. I must admit that during the war I heard no more about it.

(This reply evoked such a strong reaction from the spectators that Justice Landau had to call for order.)

Mr. Hausner then asked Eichmann about the refusal of his superiors to allow him to engage a rabbi as a Hebrew teacher. Eichmann, who said that he tried to get permission, declared that the refusal of his "superiors was not clear to me," although Wisliceny had recommended him as a seasoned Nazi.

Mr. Hausner commented drily that the reason might be that Eichmann would not need Hebrew in the task he had been assigned to.

He then asked:

"You told us of your plan to put solid ground under the feet of the Jews. I assume that this plan was not your own invention. Who were the other saints (*Tzaddikim*) who thought of this: Heydrich, Himmler, Streicher, Rosenberg? Who else?"

A. As far as I know, when I first expressed my opinion on this I was the only one... and my idea became a matter of laughter and derision... but I based my idea on Adolf Boehm's book and I thought that the plight of the Jews was due to their lack of a land under their feet, of a motherland... and I never hid these views...

Q. And you gave expression to your desire to give them a land in your report on your visit to Palestine in 1937, when you said that "since there are no Aryans in Palestine, the Jews are forced to cheat each other." Can you indicate one passage in this report favourable to the Zionists and Etzelists?

To Contact Mufti

The purpose of your trip, among other things, was to establish contact with Haj Amin al Husseini, correct?

A. The purpose was first of all to get to know the country and what was happening here, and also to establish contacts with persons.

Q. I am speaking about Haj Amin al Husseini.

A. Yes, this too.

Q. But not specifically? The purpose was to establish contact with Haj Amin al Husseini. Yes or no?

A. This too.

Q. Do you admit your responsibility for this report?

A. I did not write the report, although I made some stylistic changes. It was written by Skopes, who accompanied me.

Q. At least during your Bureau 06 interrogation you had the courage to accept responsibility for the report. You said, "Yes, this was my opinion. This was the exact opinion of the economic offices in the Reich."

A. During my interrogation I confused things. I forgot things, and I said things which were not in my best interest. I said incorrect things. For example, I said that I arrested Dean Grueber. And here, in this courtroom, I heard him say, to my amazement, that it was not I.

Eichmann continued to protest that his opinions were not those expressed in the report, adding that this was attested by the fact that he had reopened the offices of the Jewish National Fund, the Keren Hayesod and the Jewish Agency in Vienna.

Document Forging

(Mr. Hausner then questioned Eichmann about a document in which the latter asked the German Foreign Ministry to take steps against the Hungarians, who were allowing emigration to Palestine. Eichmann said that the document was a forgery.)

Q. But you forgot to tell Bureau 06 that it was a forgery. And now you will say that this document is also a forgery, no doubt. In it, Veesenmayer says that you, Eichmann, did not agree with Himmler's new policy of allowing emigration to Palestine, and that you threatened to deport the Jews before any of them could emigrate. The document states that the Jews who wish to emigrate are Zionists of "good biological stock" and that Eichmann, if need be, will demand that Hitler take another decision on allowing their emigration. Hitler himself changed his policy about emigration to Palestine, and you wanted to appeal against it?

A. First of all, the (new) order of the Fuehrer was not before me, although other orders (banning emigration) were. Moreover, in Hungary I had to take orders from two officers who were my superiors.

Changed Mind

In regard to the document which Eichmann said was a forgery, Mr. Hausner asked: "When you realized that the document was incriminating, you changed your mind about it. *Herr Obersturmbann/sehrer?*"

(Justice Landau remarked to Mr. Hausner on his use of this term.)

A. No. This document is not decisive. There are many other documents which are more incriminating, but I did not say this about them.

Mr. Hausner now turned to Eichmann's activities as head of the Central Office for Emigration in Vienna.

Q. Your purpose was to force the Jews to emigrate?

A. This was planned emigration, and I regret that I was unable to continue it during the war. This is the only thing I regret.

Eichmann went on to say that he never initiated the policy of expelling the Jews from economic and communal life, but had relied on existing laws and regulations.

Q. Relying on these laws, you forced the Jews to emigrate.

A. I never forced any Jew to emigrate. The opposite is true. Dr. Loewenherts came to me —

Mr. Hausner then asked whether, since the Foreign Ministry was against the Jews' leaving with their property, Eichmann had taken steps to confiscate their property and impoverish them. Eichmann denied this, saying that the Jewish monies were channeled into a Community Fund which helped to finance the emigration of poor Jews, and that he and the Jews had "collaborated" for the mutual benefit of both sides.

Acted As a Soldier

Eichmann replied that he had acted as a soldier — openly — and that he "released them from prison, and the Jewish community leaders cooperated with me."

Q. So, the rich Jews willingly gave of their money so you could expel the poor ones from Austria?

A. They never gave me the money. It went to the Jewish Community Fund.

Mr. Hausner then asked Eichmann to read from a document which states that the purpose of the confiscation was to deprive the Jews of all their property, although theoretically it was to go to a Community Fund. Mr. Hausner remarked:

"The Jews never saw one penny of this money."

A. I am not to blame for this.

Q. And when Strechenbach praised you for saving the Reich huge sums, he was right?

A. No. He was not right. At the time Strechenbach was in a different department and not familiar with affairs in other fields.

Q. Every Jew who quit Austria enriched the Reich, correct?

A. In the final accounting, as we look at it today — yes.

Q. And therefore, your speeding up emigration helped to enrich the Reich?

A. I did not enrich the Reich, for I was acting under orders. Moreover, this was the only way to have emigration... I personally regret that I did not speed up emigration more, for then the outcome might have been different.

Mr. Hausner then questioned Eichmann about the events of the Crystal Night in Vienna, remarking that the occasion had been greeted by the S.D. "with glee and jubilation." Eichmann denied having had any part in the pogrom, or having belonged to the S.D. unit which did take part.

Q. No. They only woke you at 2.10 a.m. and told you about it.

A. Yes. Because they were destroying everything I had built up in regard to emigration... They also woke me to tell me that the Jewish leaders had sought refuge in my offices, for there they felt they would be safe.

Q. But the Crystal Night helped you in your emigration activities.

Another Crystal Night

A. I don't deny this, but I had no part in it.

Q. Yet you threatened Dr. Loewenherts once that if he did not do as you requested you would stage another Crystal Night!

A. I hear this for the first time.

Q. You said so to Bureau 06. You told Dr. Loewenherts this was only a joke and that he should not take you seriously. You added that Dr. Loewenherts was a sincere and upright man.

A. If you put it that way, I don't want to deny it.

Q. Threatening him with another Crystal Night was a good joke?

A. I wouldn't say that this was a joke; just a method used during negotiations. But I never had had intentions when I discussed matters with Dr. Loewenherts.

Q. Therefore, you began your relationship by slapping him in the face. Is this true?

A. I think that if I slap a man in the face and then apologize, it is a private matter between the two of us.

Q. You threatened to send persons to the Buchenwald concentration camp when you were negotiating with them?

A. My only connection at this time with concentration camps was taking persons out of them and helping them emigrate.

Q. Yet in this document you threatened to send them to Buchenwald if they did not quit their property.

A. I was passing on orders from the Chief of Police in Vienna.

Q. And when Dr. Stahl wrote a letter of apology after criticizing the Emigration Office in Vienna, he did this of his own free will?

A. What man will let unjust criticism pass?

Q. In other words, you forced him to write the letter of apology?

A. I don't know. Who can remember things that happened 24 years ago?

Q. In summing up, it is possible to say that you were in charge of all Jewish affairs in the Reich, even the granting of social welfare assistance to Jews and converted Jews?

Seven Departments

A. This cannot be said, for the Reich Security Head Office was divided into seven departments, and each one had a section dealing with Jewish affairs. I was in Department IV.

Q. And you made decisions regarding every phase of Jewish life—you, and no one else?

A. Mr. Attorney-General, the head of my office reserved the right to make decisions in principle. The documents will show this.

Q. Leave the documents aside for a moment. I want the facts.

A. These are the facts, Mr. Attorney-General.

Q. You reigned over Jewish life in the Reich.

A. No. This is not correct. This is not correct. This is not correct.

Q. But it is clear from all the reports of Dr. Loewenherts, from other reports, from all the witnesses who testified on this period. Are they all lying? Are you the only one telling the truth?

A. No, the documents tell the truth.

Q. If you wish to call black white and white black, I have no objection.

At this point the court recessed.

Overall Rise On Exchange

The downward trend of recent months in the movement of ordinary shares on the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange was reversed in June, when an increase of 1.7 per cent was recorded, the Central Bureau of Statistics reported yesterday.

At the same time the upward trend in the movement of linked bonds continued with an overall increase of 1.5 per cent. Dollar-linked bonds showed an increase of 1.9 per cent; those linked to the cost-of-living index—1.3 per cent, and those equally linked to both—0.7 per cent.

Preferred shares rose by only 0.6 per cent, while non-linked bonds dropped by the same percentage, and Government bonds remained the same.

As compared with June, 1960, the following changes were recorded: ordinary shares up by 20.5 per cent; preferred shares up by 20.7 per cent; all linked bonds up by five per cent; non-linked Government bonds up by 1.1 per cent, and miscellaneous non-linked bonds up by 2.5 per cent.

All Dead Sea Shares Allotted

Bank Leumi, underwriters of the Dead Sea Works stock, announced on Sunday that all subscriptions have been allotted in full and notifications to that effect to subscribers are in the mail.

Port Workers Ask For Housing in Ashdod

POST Economic Reporter

The Tel Aviv port workers committee has started negotiations with the Housing Administration in the Labour Ministry for building homes to accommodate 300-400 workers from Tel Aviv and Jaffa who want to move to the new port city of Ashdod.

No employment is available for them in Ashdod for the present, until the new harbour is constructed. Tel Aviv port workers have requested to take part in building the harbour, but it is doubtful whether the contractors can make use of personnel with no building experience.

But Transport Minister Yitzhak Ben-Aharon has promised that redundancy employees in the Tel Aviv and Jaffa ports will be given employment in Ashdod as it gradually supersedes the two older harbours.

Some port workers in Haifa have likewise approached the Housing Administration with a view to moving to Ashdod.

Ministers Urge Easing Of Flat Registration

POST Economic Reporter

A recommendation that the Justice Ministry draft legislation that would facilitate the registration of ownership of flats in public housing estates (*shikunim*) was made by the Ministerial Economic Committee at its weekly meeting yesterday.

The submission of plans of the individual dwellings has been held up by differences of opinion over land ownership between the Housing Administration and the local authorities, since the Administration is permitted by law to by-pass the local town planning committees in executing its housing programmes.

The Ministerial Committee recommends that henceforth the plans be prepared by the Housing Administration and approved by a committee representing the Ministries of Labour and the Interior and the Lands Administration.

Flat-owners would no longer be required to have paid all their debts to the Government and the local authorities before registering possession. Outstanding debts would be inscribed as a second mortgage.

Details concerning the doctors' and railway workers' wage demands were submitted to the Ministerial Committee by Dr. Shaul Braun, Director-General of the Health Ministry, and Mr. Menahem Savidor, General Manager of the Israel Railways.

Hayama Moving Shops In Bargaining Move

HAIFA. — On the eve of its absorption into the Maspenot Israel shipyards in Haifa Bay, the Solel Boneh subsidiary Hayama has begun to put up new workshop structures not far from the site of the projected yard.

This sudden spurt of last-minute initiative is believed to be a bargaining manoeuvre by which the Hayama management is thought to be aiming at obtaining a higher take-over price for its assets from the national shipyards.

Hayama is asking for a sum of IL2m. for its equipment, skilled men and goodwill, while the shipyard is said to be offering only IL1.8m.

Sea Scouts Protest Expropriation of Plot

TEL AVIV. — The Tel Aviv Municipality's plans to terminate a 35-year old lease of a plot on Rehov Hayarkon held by the Zevulun Sea Scouts Movement threatens to put an end to the active movement, movement representatives told a press conference here yesterday.

Messrs. Y. Zeitlin, Y. Dolgin, A. Zirlinsky and H. Abuab explained that the IL70,000 in compensation offered by the Municipality was "totally inadequate."

Defence Ministry Plant Putting Out New Products

TEL AVIV. — A new development phase for the electronic-transistor and dry battery (Ran and Tadir companies) industries was announced here yesterday by Aluf Mishne A. Rashli, representing the Defence Ministry "half" of the companies which were merged on the quiet and reverted to a Defence Ministry and Koor partnership over four years ago.

The combine has signed a know-how agreement with a major U.S. company and is about to replace most of its equipment with modern machinery.

A/M Rashli, explaining the vital interest of the Defence Ministry in the plants, pointed out that the supply of high-grade batteries "was just as vital as ammunition." He stressed the improved quality of the companies' products, which were now comparable in price and quality to brand-name products on the world market.

New products about to be put on the market by the company include a portable sealed-beam projector and an emergency flasher for trucks. The latter will have to be carried by all heavy vehicles as of August 1st, in order to avoid the occurrence of fatal collisions with vehicles parked on the roadside at night. The flasher, which is visible (on straight stretches) for up to one kilometre will give oncoming traffic adequate warning.

HOROWITZ, KOCHAV BACK FROM BURMA

LYDDA AIRPORT. — The Governor of the Bank of Israel, Mr. David Horowitz, and Mr. David Kochav, head of the Bank's Research Department, arrived yesterday by Air France from Rangoon where they had spent three weeks on an economic planning mission at the invitation of the Burmese Government. *(Ilim)*

Tel Aviv Stock Market

	9/7	10/7
$ LINKED		
3½% Tavel Dollar	1035	103
3½% Emunai Dollar	103	104
4½% Defence Loan	100	100½
4½% Hous. Loan B	100	100.60
5½% Local Author.	100	100
6 % Keren Hay. III	100	99.90
6½% Pal. Elect. 57/6	1134	1134
7 % Pert. and Chem.	102	102
8 % Nat. Oil Co.	104	104
C.O.L. LINKED		
4½% Def. Loan	1000	100
4½% Hous. Loan "A"	1004	1004
5½% Local Author.	112	112
6 % Keren Hay. III	100	99.90
6½% Pal. Elect. 57/6	1134	1134
7 % Pert. and Chem.	102	102
8 % Nat. Oil Co.	104	104
ORD. SHARES		
Isr. Elec. Ord. Sto.	5084	5084
Ottsar Hit. reg.	Ex1284	1284
Gen. Mort. Bank	2020	2020
B'k. Leumi "A" ord	3770	3770
Develop. Bank	1400	1400
Afr. Pal. Invest.	2040	2040
ILDC 1960	2040	2040
Nasco Prof.	1701	—
Asia Textiles	1740	1740
Dubek	1320	1320
Pert. & Chem.	1177	1177
Pal. Cold Storage	2020	2020
Pal. Potash	4000	4000
Tuva	1010	1010
Pevnitch	1138	1138
Paper Mills	1170	1170
Assia & Bej. Bros.	870	870
Shemen	1000	1000
Delek 11/12	2130	2130
Jordan Explor.	84	84
Ellern Invest.	1111	1111
B'k. Leumi Invest	1070	1070
Moller Textile	2400	2400
PREF. SHARES		
4½% Isr. Elect. 2nd I	1000	1004
7 % Hous. Mort. B'k	1000	1000
CURB		
Lapidoth	205	207
Naphta	1135	1135
Found. Bk. Dead Sea	1004	1004
PIA	1510	1511

B: Buyers only; E: ex Div./Coupon

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Dollar Bonds Irregular
Index Bonds Unchanged
Ord. Shares Dull
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European Space Cooperation

German Decision May Involve Long Negotiations

By JOHN DAVY

LONDON (OFNS) — THE decision by the West German Government to support the development of a large European space rocket will solve one problem — but is likely to raise a whole string of new ones during coming years.

Britain's immediate problem — what to do with Blue Streak, the missile which the military doesn't want — is solved. This rocket will be used as the first stage of a three-stage European launcher capable of launching a large communications satellite, or of placing a ton of scientific instruments into orbit 500 kilometres above the earth. It will also be capable of sending smaller loads to circle the moon or crash-land on it, and, with further development, might even allow instrument packages to be landed gently on the moon or sent to the more distant planets.

In principle, then, Europe can now go into the space business on a respectable scale, although it has no prospect of launching men without building something very much larger than Blue Streak.

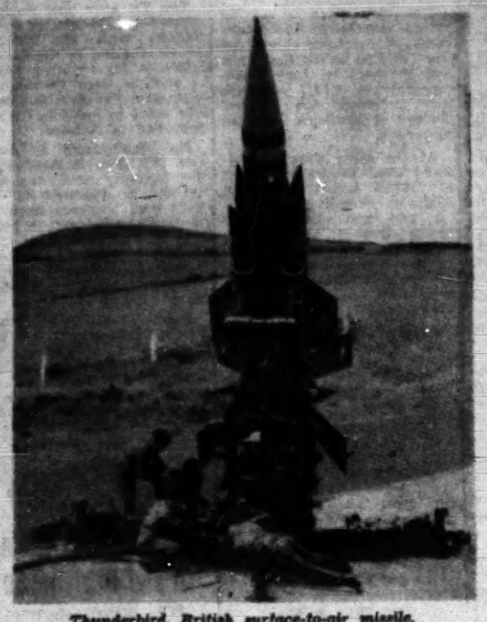
In practice, though, the German decision is likely to be the signal for some protracted and extremely complex negotiations. There are many things to be decided.

Dividing the Work

Britain and France are the only two countries in Europe with extensive missile programmes. It has thus been proposed that Britain should be mainly responsible for the first stage of the launching rocket, France for the second stage, and Germany — with only an infant rocket industry so far — for the third. Other European participants would then share mainly in building the actual satellites, and the associated launching, guidance and control equipment.

The German announcement, however, suggests that German industry will want to have some share in developing the first and second rocket stages as well. It is no secret that the German Government's first reaction to the proposal was to reject it and develop closer collaboration with America.

But German industry, scenting fat contracts, has put heavy pressure on the Government to join an all-European project. The British Government has been under similar pressure from British firms, and industry in other European countries is far from disinterested.



Thunderbird, British surface-to-air missile.

The committee eventually charged with awarding the various contracts will thus face an extremely difficult task. They will not be able to concentrate simply on getting value for money, or making use of the most efficient firms; they will have to give different countries "fair shares" in contracts.

There can be no doubt that this will produce great delay and complications. If the main aim were to produce a space launcher quickly and efficiently the best course would be to concentrate the work in Britain. Since work on the military version of Blue Streak was halted a year ago, the teams involved have done intensive work on a space launcher. The Black Knight research rocket would be an effective second stage, and a third stage has already been designed.

Private Rockets Out

On the other hand the British Government decided, sensibly, that space research is too expensive to justify one medium-size nation like Britain having its private large launching rocket. This meant bringing in other countries — and has led to the negotiations which produced this week's decision.

The trouble is that the project is now on an inter-Governmental footing and "national interests" have to be respected. Such interests rarely correspond to the interests of technical efficiency and common sense. On the other hand, the exercise of working together on rockets may lubricate other forms of European cooperation, so that the participants gain on the political swings what they lose on the technological roundabout.

Time Element

A further complication is in sight. The Americans have various kinds of large launching rockets already available — whereas the Blue Streak combination will not be ready for five years or so. America has specifically offered to make launching rockets available for European space experiments. For the scientists, this offer is extremely tempting. The newly formed European Space Research Organization — a purely scientific affair quite distinct from the proposed large-rocket-building club — is already embarrassed by the spate of experiments its members want to do.

There are far more experiments than satellites — and here too "national" considerations are making difficulties. The experiments being suggested vary very much in interest and potential value — but it will be very difficult for the responsible committee to give priority to experiments purely on their scientific merit.

Each participating nation will have to have a "fair share" of satellite space — and a scientist who produces two brilliant ideas for space experiments may get one of them in, but will have to watch his other idea go to the end of a long queue while other, perhaps duller, ideas have priority in the interests of "fairness."

The pressure is likely to be so great that the U.S. offer will be taken up gratefully — and space may be humming with European satellites launched by U.S. rockets long before Blue Streak is ready for work.

Furthermore, the Americans will probably be in a position to offer such launching facilities at a lower price. The Blue Streak programme will have to trudge along on its own feet, while a launching rocket provided by America will be buoyed up by a vast space effort which is going on irrespective of what Europe is doing.

Nationalist Factors

Again, therefore, there is the prospect of a conflict between "national" interests and technical and economic efficiency and common sense. Will European governments allow their scientists to buy satellite space in America, or will they insist on their using the all-European rocket, whatever it costs?

It is a pity that space research should become so snarled up in these complex issues — but it is inevitable. Science and technology have outgrown the political, social and economic institutions which support them. No individual firm is large enough to build a complete rocket and all that goes with it. No individual nation, apart from Russia and America, is large enough to support a complete space programme on its own.

The space age is helping to crack the old fossilized national and industrial structures of Europe — and while this is a wasteful and painful process, it may well be a blessing in the long run. The hope must be that it does not too much delay and frustrate the scientists who are interested, not in committees or national interests, but in experiments. Most of them could get their results more quickly by going to America and taking jobs there. Already there are reports that the availability of satellites and launching rockets in the U.S. is beginning to outrun the supply of well-designed experiments. It would be both difficult and wrong to restrain European scientists from offering their experiments for U.S. satellites while the Blue Streak project thrashes its way through endless committees.

A MIRACLE!

By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Israeli Rocket A Deterrent

Davar (Histadrut), answering those who have suggested that the launching of the Israeli rocket has threatened the Middle East with a rocket race, writes: "The arms race in the Middle East insofar as the Arab states are concerned, is much more a race between the Eastern bloc and the Western bloc than between the UAR and Israel. Since Israel cannot be as certain as the Arab States of the help of other nations, she must develop her own weapons to the limit of her capacity. A demonstration of her capacity is in itself a deterrent, which reduces the danger of her being attacked."

Herut says that the United States supplied Nasser with a rocket even before Israel launched hers, although "she knows that the Egyptian dictator never ceases to dream of a war of annihilation against Israel." The American-supplied rockets will raise Nasser's prestige, and this in turn will lessen the chances of peace in the Middle East, Herut adds. The paper goes on to ask Mapai mockingly, whether this is another success achieved during Mr. Ben-Gurion's U.S. trip.

Haboker (Liberal) writes: "Mapai claims the credit (for the rocket)... because all the preparations took place in the innermost recesses of the Ministry of Defence, which is of course the most appropriate place to carry out meteorological activity and is considered Mapai's private property. Despite our pride in the achievement, we still do not know whether the rocket will not cost us more in the field of foreign relations than it was worth, at least as a meteorological tool. The very fact that it was handled entirely by the Ministry of Defence gave some substance to the fears expressed abroad."

After mentioning the Foreign Minister's reported statement that Mapai decided on the Sinai Campaign, the paper goes on to express its concern for the fate of parliamentary democracy "if a small group of Mapai leaders are the ones who decide about sending rockets and even about war and peace."

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) and Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda) both comment on the Prime Minister's recent statement about the Cabinet's decision on the "Affair." The former says that if the Prime Minister does not publicly retract it the Knesset should meet to discuss the matter and the latter says it shows Mr. Ben-Gurion's conception of democracy.

She'arim (Poalei Agudat Yisrael) writes that the injection of the questions of the Arab refugees and the launching of the rocket into the election campaign endangers the country's position.

Readers' Letters

STREET NAMES

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — A stretch of King George Avenue has been renamed "Rehov Keren Hayesod." There is already a "Rehov Keren Kayemet." Perhaps we will soon have a "Rehov Misrad Haotzar" (Finance Ministry) to honour our Finance Minister?

What reasoning is behind the nomenclature of Jerusalem streets? Names of national glory and universal appreciation — Yehuda Halevi, Spinoza, Heine, Einstein, the Gaon of Vilna, Baal Shem, Zangwill, Feuchtwanger and Klausner don't exist. Even our prophets, if mentioned, are relegated to some obscure quarters.

Yours, etc.
H. MARCUS

Jerusalem, June 8.

Municipality Replies

There are streets in Jerusalem named after Yehuda Halevi (Sderot Yehuda Halevi which extends past the President's home, in Rehavia), HaBaal Shem-Tov (Beit Israel) and Professor Klausner (Talpiot).

The Names Committee of the Municipality is composed of well-known men of letters and thanks to their activity, which is voluntary, names have been given to about 400 streets in the past few years.

Every section of Jerusalem is given a unifying category of names in order to make it easier to find the street. For example, in the Geulim Quarter the streets are named after the Tribes and the Judges; in Emek Refaim — pro-Jewish Gentiles; in Kiryat Hayovel — leaders of the Zionist Movement; in Givat Hananya — the family of the House of David; in Sanhedria — the family of the House of Saul; in Shikunei Gonen — the Tannaim; in Givat Havradim (Rassco) — authors; in Kommemiut—authors; in Katamon — names connected with the War of Liberation; in the Romema Industrial area — names of handicrafts in the Biblical Period; in the Nahlaot and Zichronot — cities and rivers; in Morasha (Musrara) — Prophets who did not leave any writings, etc.

Press and Information Department
Jerusalem Municipality

Jerusalem, June 21.

TRAFFIC OBSTACLE

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Regarding the removal of the pylon at Rehov Yehuda Halevi, I do not think that this was Tel Aviv's "worst traffic obstacle," as your reporter termed it. The worst traffic obstruction is the railway junction at Beit Hadar. Closing the Petah Tikva road several times every day and shunting the trains in the middle of a main road stops large numbers of cars in the peak hours of the day; this is without doubt the worst and most unbelievable obstruction, wasting the time and petrol of the drivers.

Yours, etc.
KURT HILFREICH

Givat Ramban, July 3.

TRAFFIC AND WATER

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Two items in your Tel Aviv-Yafo Municipality page of June 21 impressed me — one positively, the other negatively.

First, in regard to new Tel Aviv traffic regulations, may I, as one who "served" a year there as driver and pedestrian, congratulate the local authorities. In an almost impossible situation, they are doing a commendable job of improving traffic conditions — not to mention their noble plan to clean up the beaches! The idea of parking garages has been found quite helpful in the U.S. and deserves this trial in Israel. I would add a suggestion that these garages, as well as other important public buildings, be provided with well-marked routes and signs so the harried outsider can find them easily from all major thoroughfares.

Secondly, in regard to the article concerning the Sahne-Darwish reservoir, why must a million pounds be used to pump rain water (of all the precious commodities lacking in Israel) into the sea, where it will certainly not be appreciated? Even as a layman, I realize the danger and difficulties involved in sudden floods in the cities during the winter, but could this water not be pumped inland just as well, even at a greater expense? Would it not be worth at least some consideration? Are there no available places for reservoirs outside the city where this gold mine of water could be stored? The authorities should look before they leap and if taxes must be used for this — and they must — my vote would be for the water and not against it.

Yours, etc.
FRANK HOOPER

Jerusalem, June 21.

MARGINAL COMMENT

The Long Adolescence

By Nissim Rejwan

IN the old days — we almost said the good old days — when Britain's presence in the Arab world was in no doubt and the budding Pan-Arab agitators had pretty little else to occupy their minds and hearts, people used to reflect that had the British not been there they would have had to be invented. Sure enough, when the British Middle Eastern Empire finally gave up the ghost, the Pan-Arabs promptly proceeded to invent one, and things were quickly brought back to normal. It has been an excellent device: everything under the sun could be, and has been, blamed on the wily and unrepentant British imperialists, whose machinations and intrigues were responsible for the dismemberment of the Arab world and the perpetuation of its division into scattered make-shift "states!"

Now, however, three years after the Iraqi revolution and the elimination of the last vestiges of British influence in the Fertile Crescent, the game seems to have begun to strain even the rich Middle Eastern imagination a little too much, with the result that if a scapegoat was at all to be maintained the British had to give some physical proof of their presence. Well, they are back now, rather in force, and everybody seems to be quite happy to find someone at whom to direct their venom — and appear united in the bargain.

★

THAT the new British presence in a part of the Arab world has rendered the Arabs a singular service cannot be doubted. Apart from forestalling what seems to have been an imminent Iraqi attack, it has saved the Arab League from a most embarrassing situation. When the League finally convened last Tuesday, it already was secure in the knowledge that with the British there, Kassem was not going to invade Kuwait; the delegates also knew that they would not have to devise a settlement for the new dispute — a task in which their failure was certain.

But this is not all: the landing of British troops in Kuwait filled the general psychological need of finding a scapegoat. And who could serve this purpose better than the British!

★

THE behaviour of the United Arab Republic in this respect was highly instructive — and rather original. The first two days after Kassem made his dramatic claim for sovereignty over Kuwait passed in studied silence. Then came a statement — issued not by the UAR Foreign Ministry, nor by the Government, nor yet by the National Assembly, but by Abdul Kadir Hatem, Minister of State for Presidential Affairs — deploring Kassem's alleged deviation from "the principles of the Arab Struggle" and the conviction that Arab unity must come through popular consent and not through force. Nothing was said about the possibility of foreign intervention and no warning was served to the parties to abstain from invoking help from outside the Arab world.

When the impressive British landings came, Cairo issued no incendiary propaganda against the British imperialists, and there were no calls for their immediate withdrawal. Finally, the Egyptians did nothing to show their displeasure when British naval units passed through the Suez Canal last Wednesday on their way to reinforce the British force in Kuwait.

It was only after the British positions became firmly established that Cairo began to condemn the British move in the strongest possible terms — and even to profess belief in the sincerity of Kassem's assurance that he would not resort to force in his attempt to annex the oil-rich sheikhdom.

★

CAN this lack of consistency be accidental? Did Cairo awaken to the enormity of the British guilt only after it became an accomplished fact? The British action, and the Sheikh of Kuwait's appeal for help when preceded it, have been a painful proof of the total ineffectiveness not only of the Arab League but of any group of Arab states, who failed utterly to settle what after all was a purely Arab affair.

This has no doubt been irking Cairo not a little, especially after conscious Arab opinion began murmuring at the spectacle of the Arab states allowing the hated British to enter the area without raising an eyebrow. For, as the Manchester "Guardian" put it in an editorial last week, nothing in the Middle East concentrates and augments wrath, from whatever origin, like the sight of an "imperialist" gunboat . . . Moreover, it added, "the angriest are often those who themselves benefit from the gunboat's presence and dare not admit it."

★

AS a means of preventing Kassem from laying hands on Kuwait, nothing could have been better or surer than the presence of the British forces. As such, the British move could only have pleased and benefited President Nasser, whose sole aim in this crisis has been to keep Kuwait intact (since he himself is in no position to take it). The anti-British propaganda now broadcast from Cairo is no more than camouflage — lip service to the Arab cry against the new British outrage.

The pity of it is that we will have to live with this kind of thing for some time to come. In a book published recently in English, Mr. Emile Bustani, Lebanese businessman, politician and intellectual of sorts, claims that the Arabs now "need as much understanding and practical sympathy as they did formerly." The Arabs, he explains, "have reached a stage of political adolescence — but adolescents, as everyone knows, require the same enlightened and gentle treatment as children do." To some, at least, it would seem that this stage has been taking too long to complete.

Tel Aviv, July 10, 1961.

U.S. Uses 'Che' Guevara's Book

By JESSE ZEL LURIE,
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

THE United States Army's training in guerilla and anti-guerilla warfare is concentrated in the Special Warfare Centre at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, commanded by Colonel George M. Jones. This centre has made a thorough study of guerilla warfare from the wartime Maquis to the Hagana and now Castro, the FLN and the Viet Cong.

The following conclusions were published by Colonel Jones in a recent issue of "The Special Warfare Newsletter."

"The record shows that one guerilla has effectively tied down the usefulness of ten conventional soldiers. He has killed 15 conventional soldiers in exchange for every guerilla fatality. And he has expended only 20 per cent of the ammunition required to effect a casualty as compared to the conventional soldier's expenditure."

Textbook of Revolution

One of the documents Col. Jones' men have been studying in order to find out how the guerilla has achieved this remarkable record is "The War of Guerillas" (La Guerra de Guerrillas), a textbook of the successful Castro revolution by his chief assistant, Major Ernesto (Ché) Guevara, who is at present Cuban Minister for Economic Development.

His book sums up, in simple language and from the viewpoint of a professional revolutionary, the tactical and theoretical lessons of the fight against Batista. Thus, it is a veritable do-it-yourself guide to the conduct of a Castro-type revolution.

Guevara's thesis is that the rebels succeeded only because they gained the active support of the peasants. They did this by practising social revolution right from the start, even while they were still surrounded by Batista's armies.

Guevara, who is an M.D., had set up an infirmary in the tiny village of Las Mercedes in which he and his men were hidden; he treated the sick people of the community as well as his own wounded. Classes in reading and public health were organized for the campesinos. The agrarian reform was first announced by Castro from a nearby clandestine radio transmitter.

In practice, says Guevara, the Revolution owes its initial and its continued successes to its ability to learn the needs and aspirations of Cuba's humble people and to make these needs its goals.

"The War of Guerillas" has became something of a classic in Latin America. It has also been circulated in Washington, where a typescript translation has been read by the President. An English edition will be published in New York this summer.

Mr. Kennedy and his advisors clearly understand that the challenge they are facing cannot be met with conventional military methods. They seem less aware that nationalist resistance movements, whether Communist-supported or not, are, first and foremost, indigenous, popular movements, for whom there is generally some legitimate basis for the seizure of power, and that they are more than simply one more red pawn in the big East-West game of chess.

When the Pentagon expert proposes that the U.S. develop "a guerilla warfare capability under U.S. sponsorship from refugees from Communist-dominated countries," he is, in fact, proposing that America pick up the pieces of the Foreign Legion where the French dropped them. When the Germans and Hungarians of Sidi ben Abbas put themselves in the service of the insurgent generals, De Gaulle was forced to cancel their mandates. To what ends would they work when employed by the United States?

Special Force Teams

Though the anonymous expert scarcely mentions them, the economic and social aspects of guerilla fighting have not been totally ignored in the plans for America's anti-guerilla guerillas. The Army's public relations service, which recently briefed the military editors of several U.S. newspapers on the Special Warfare Groups, explained that Special Force teams would go into the fields and villages, along with friendly native troops, where they would train and teach. The New York "Daily News" reports:

"They will live with the people, harvest crops, if needed; serve them as doctors, as friends. They will be living examples of propaganda by deed."

The emphasis, from the public relations point of view, on the use of anti-guerilla guerillas is designed to conceal in romantic images the more serious business of teaching armies, such as that in South Vietnam, better methods to search out and destroy the Communist-supported guerillas.

If Commander-in-Chief Kennedy hopes to succeed in forming successful guerilla and anti-guerilla forces, he had better recruit another set of experts.

(This is the second of two articles. The first appeared on July 6.)

NATURE NOTES:

BIRD PHARMACIST?

A FRIEND writes me from Rehovot that she has repeatedly found twigs broken off her very special wormwood shrub, an *Artemisia abynthum (La'ana*, but I don't know its second name in Hebrew, as it does not appear in any of the books available to me).

She had transplanted it into her garden from the desert. It is a grey thing, like *Artemisia haba alba*, but its leaves are much finer. Like its cousin, it is much sought by herbalists for making an aromatic tea supposed to be good for many things.

My friend could not imagine anybody breaking into her garden for stealing these twigs; still she watched — and who did the thief prove to be? A goldfinch *(Carduelis carduelis — hukit)*. This is strange indeed, as the goldfinch (or thistlefinch) is a seed eater, especially, as his second name says, of thistle seeds, and indeed it is one of the joys of the countryside to see him, often in flocks, climbing about on the plants, upside down as often as not.

My informant has not noticed any more than that he broke the twigs, but from this very fact I deduce that he did not get them for medicinal purposes, in fact I don't believe he eats them at all — I think he uses them for nest-building because they are very delicate and perhaps also because of their sweet scent. However, that is a hypothesis that will have to be proved when the nest is found, which so far is not the case.

Artemisia abynthum is one of the aromatic herbs used by the monks for their famous "Abbey Liqueur," and immigrants from Africa as well as local Arabs use it both for the purpose of making tea and liqueur.

P.A.

Gentlemen prefer Barbasol
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DRAWING OF MIFAL HAPAYIS
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Quentin Reynolds in "New York Times"

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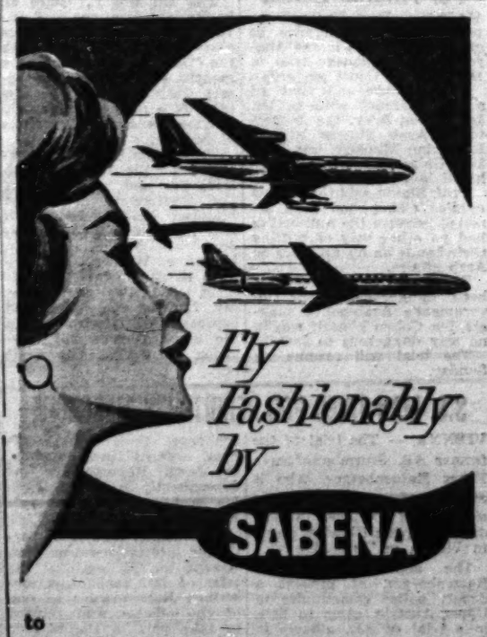

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